Published daily except on Saturday by The Palestine Post Ltd. Founded in 1932 by GERSHON AGRON
Registered at the G.P.O. Copyright of all material reserved; reproduction permitted only by arrangement.
Editor: TED R. LURIE
Head Office: 9 Rehov Havatzelet, Jerusalem, P.O.Box 81, Tel. 24233. Tel Aviv: 32 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, P.O.Box 1125, Tel. 64251.
Haifa: 24 Rehov Herzl, Hadar Hacarmel. P.O.Box 4810, Tel. 4594.
Annual Subscription: IL. 62.
SINGLE COPY: 18 AGORA.
Vol. XXXVII, No. 10081*

JERUSALEM'S
OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN
ROSENBLUM
1 PRINCESS MARY AVE.
Now's the time to get your light Summer-wear and enjoy life!

# THE JERUSALEM POST

THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1961 • 29 Tamuz, 5721 • 30 Moharam, 1381

ARISTON
DUBEK'S exquisite FILTER CIGARETTE

## FRIENDSHIP WITHOUT STRINGS

FROM the first moment of his arrival until his departure yesterday, official and non-official Israel expressed its warm pleasure at the visit of President Yameogo of Upper Volta. The President on several occasions made known his appreciation for Israel and for the reception accorded to him here.

Israel has signed treaties of friendship with three other nations, one of which is African. In 1951 we signed a Treaty of Friendship, Commerce, and Navigation with the United States. In 1958 a Friendship Treaty was signed with the Republic of the Philippines, and in 1959 with Liberia. The general pattern of all these treaties, except for the one with the U.S., is similar to that signed in Jerusalem with Upper Volta. Both sides express their desire for peace and friendship, agree that all disputes likely to arise be settled by peaceful means, and make provision for the establishment of diplomatic and commercial relations.

These treaties are primarily symbolic expressions of the nations' desire to maintain their good relations, but their political significance goes far beyond mere symbolism. For, in fact, such a treaty reflects the mutual desire that the existing good relations and friendship should have formal and public expression.

This is important particularly where countries suffer from a species of political blackmail, as does Israel. Since the Casablanca Conference we have been forced to realize that some of the nations who desire good relations with Israel are willing in certain instances to join in empty verbal attacks against us, for reasons of expediency. It may be a fact that such attacks mean very little and do not reflect actual policy, but the public is unlikely to view them in that light. After the Casablanca Conference voices were heard in Israel calling for a review of our policy with regard to certain African nations, on the grounds that our national pride demanded some form of action. Other nations wish to maintain friendly relations, but prefer to keep this fact quiet.

Fortunately cooler councils were also heard and held sway. And after the noises had receded, it could be seen that despite the declarations and statements, actual relations with the nations in question remained solid and undisturbed.

It is thus a doubly welcome event to be able to greet a statesman like President Yameogo who is not willing to engage in "political acrobatics," as he has called them, and who wishes to give his nation's friendship with Israel the widest publicity.

President Yameogo and Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, in discussing the basis of the treaty, were agreed on denouncing all forms of colonialism. They deplored especially the unfortunate situation in Angola and the policy of Apartheid in South Africa. They expressed their firm hope that all the remaining vestiges of colonial rule would soon be abolished and that all the nations of Africa would gain and fortify their independence. This appeal, together with the appeal that all nations, in the Middle East and other areas, settle their differences by peaceful means and abstain from force and the threat of force, manifested the common principles of policy shared by Israel and Upper Volta which received expression in the treaty of friendship.

Israel's close ties with Upper Volta, like its relations with the other nations of Africa, are founded on one simple assumption which was clearly enunciated this week by President Yameogo himself, and that is "L'amitie inconditionelle" — friendship without strings.

# 7 Children Killed By Speeding Taxi

**HADERA. — Seven children aged 12 and 13 were killed yesterday morning when a taxi ran into a stationary on the main Tel Aviv-Haifa highway, near Michmoret, at 9.30.**

Five other children were injured in the accident, and taken to the Beilinson Hospital. Last night they were reported out of danger.

All the children are from the Negev kibbutz of Kfar Menahem, on their way to a summer camp in Michmoret.

The seven dead were: Shlomo Kaplan, Shaul Dudiltchik, Esther Moel, Bila Yovel, Tamar Marschak, Ilan Taporisch and Naomi Rohr.

The injured are: Ofra Aleiv, Meira Kantor, Shmuel Korngut, Yosef Eliashiv and Esther Andelsman.

The taxi, on its way from Haifa to Tel Aviv, was driven by Shmuel Segal, aged 64, of Herzliya, the sole occupant of the vehicle. According to traffic police investigators, the taxi was travelling at a high speed when it crashed into the lorry.

Twenty-five children had come on the truck, and those hit had just got off and were standing in the road behind their vehicle.

Segal escaped without serious injury, and was detained for questioning. He was later sent for a medical examination. He has not spoken since the accident and is thought to be suffering from shock.

The children were killed on the spot. Passing cars took the dead and injured to the Hillel Yoffe Hospital in Hadera. The bodies were later transferred to the Institute of Forensic Medicine at Abu Kabir in Tel Aviv. The injured were taken to Beilinson Hospital.

Traffic police experts yesterday investigated the speed of the taxi and other possible causes of the accident.

The accident occurred when the lorry had stopped after turning to face in the direction of Tel Aviv, and the children began to unload their equipment. An Egged bus passed the lorry from behind, with Segal's taxi immediately following. A car coming in the opposite direction prevented the taxi from overtaking the Kfar Menahem lorry and Segal apparently cut back and could not brake in time to avoid hitting the group of children.

When news of the disaster reached Jerusalem, the Deputy Director-General and Director of Road Transport in the Ministry of Transport left for the scene at the request of the Transport Minister, Mr. Ben-Aharon, to investigate the circumstances of the tragedy.

Mr. Ben-Aharon cabled a message of condolences to the bereaved families.

## UAR Leader Rejects B-G Call for Peace

CAIRO (AP). — Commenting on Mr. Ben-Gurion's call for peace talks with the Arabs, UAR Minister of State Abdel Kater Hatem said on Tuesday that Israeli talk of peace "no longer deceives the Arab peoples."

"We still remember Ben-Gurion's statement calling for peace and desiring to conclude peace with the Arabs three days prior to the aggression on Egypt in 1956," he said.

Hatem said Israel should start first by implementing U.N. resolutions calling for the return of Palestine refugees to their homes and compensating them for their "usurped" property.

## Serraj Against Palestine Army

Syrian "strong-man" Abdul Hamid Serraj declared on Tuesday that he is opposed to the idea "advocated by some people, of establishing a Palestine Army" because by this method the solution to the "Palestine question" would be delayed by centuries.

Serraj, who as President of the Syrian Region Executive Council, is Nasser's personal representative there, said in an address to the Palestine National Union in Damascus that "Palestine can be liberated only through Arab unity and by keeping the idea of Palestine alive in the minds of all Arabs."

## 73 Die in Czech Plane Crash

CASABLANCA (UPI). — A Czech airliner hit a high-tension wire near here early yesterday and crashed, killing all the 73 persons aboard, officials said.

The Russian-built Ilyushin-18 turbo-prop plane carried 64 passengers and a crew of nine. It was on its way to Rabat, Conakry and Bamako from Zurich when it crashed trying to reach the American air base at Nouasseur after being diverted because of fog at Rabat and then again at Casablanca.

One man, identified as a Mali Republic Parliament, M. Coulibaly Fonomo, 32, was brought alive by rescuers but after admission to Casablanca hospital.

A Zurich Airport official, who refused to be identified, said the passengers included a considerable number of Soviet flying instructors *en route* to train air crews in Guinea and Ghana.

Reliable sources in Zurich said the passengers comprised 24 Russians, 18 Czechs, eight Moroccans, six East Germans, four Guineans, three Malians and one Chinese.

(On March 28, a Czech-owned Ilyushin-18 crashed near Nuremberg, West Germany, on a flight from Prague to West Africa, killing all 52 persons aboard.)

A few hours earlier, a DC-2 plane crashed at Denver, Colorado, with the loss of 18 lives, as reported "After Midnight" yesterday. There were 122 persons aboard the jet which burst into flames as it crash-landed at an airport.

*The President* of Upper Volta, M. Maurice Yameogo, waves to cheering Jerusalemites as he emerges from the City Hall with the Mayor, Mr. Mordecai Ish-Shalom, following a Municipal farewell yesterday just before he left for Lydda Airport to return home.
Photo by Ross

## Yameogo Ends State Visit

LYDDA AIRPORT.—A 21-gun salute climaxed a state farewell yesterday morning for the President of Upper Volta, M. Maurice Yameogo, as he left with his entourage by Air France for Paris after an eight-day visit.

Present were President Ben-Zvi, Prime Minister Ben-Gurion, Foreign Minister Meir, Transport Minister Ben-Aharon, the Deputy Chief of Staff, Aluf Y. Rabin, members of the diplomatic corps, led by the dean, Soviet Ambassador Mikhail Bodrov, and senior civil servants and Defence Forces officers.

Mr. Yameogo waved and smiled to the cheering crowds who packed the airport terminal balconies. After reviewing an Armoured Corps guard of honour, the Upper Volta President, accompanied by Mr. Ben-Zvi, walked along a red carpet to the plane as Air Force planes appeared in the skies to salute the departing visitors.

Prior to his departure for Lydda Airport, President Yameogo and his party were received at the Jerusalem Municipality by Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom.

Mr. Ish-Shalom revealed that a street in the capital will be renamed in honour of Upper Volta. He presented the President with a picture album of the city and a gold pin bearing the emblem of Jerusalem.

The Mayor accompanied Mr. Yameogo to the entrance of Jerusalem, where they parted with the word *"L'hitra'ot."*

---

Two separate groups of Israel experts will depart in the next few weeks to conduct surveys in Upper Volta. One mission will examine the country's agricultural problems, with particular attention to cattle raising and the development of Upper Volta's water resources. The second group will make plans for the construction of a concrete factory.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman said last night it had also been decided to establish an agricultural centre in Upper Volta for use by all the nations of the Entente. The centre will engage in research and will also offer specially designed rapid courses in modern agriculiural methods.

---

**Arriving in Paris last night, M. Yameogo said he had discussed irrigation problems with Israel authorities. Upper Volta officials said President Yameogo was also much impressed by Israel's methods of organizing its youth. He expected to make Upper Volta youth profit from them, they added.**

# A-G Attacks in German As Eichmann Skirts Answers

By MACABEE-DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

"If I had to accept as true everything which Sassen wrote about me in 1957—and which he says I dictated to him—I would have to conclude that I was insane. I doubt this," Eichmann told the Jerusalem District Court yesterday afternoon under rapid questioning by Mr. Gideon Hausner, the Attorney-General.

For the first time, the Attorney-General fired many questions, one after the other, in German, without waiting for the translation which slows up the cross-examination process. The translation came after a series of questions and replies.

Mr. Hausner: In 1957 you told Sassen: "The difficulty was in regard to the victims and the bodies. During the war I got less worked up about this, for it could not be prevented. I was forbidden, after all, to get emotionally involved in this. My feelings were involved — if I may say so — only when German cities were bombed and women and children lay dead. This was how I felt in regard to the orders I received."

Eichmann: I should like it understood that when I saw the women and children lying dead in the havoc of the air raids, I was thrown... It was like — how shall I express myself — when I saw the bodies of the Jews for the first time, I could not grasp what was happening. I was shocked and shaken, and I could not understand what was happening. But if a man sees many sights like this, bodies, then the man — how shall I express myself — this man in looking at chaos and the apocalypse of the war, well, this man becomes more brutal. And if I say this — and it is hard to say this — then the sight of the bodies seems something new, but still it is less shocking. Every man reacts thus.

Mr. Hausner: You will agree that it was only in 1943 and afterwards that you saw the German bodies after the cities were bombed?

A. Yes, but I must say, as I already said, when I first saw the Jewish bodies my knees shook, I thought that this was an unbelieveable sight. It was something I could not grasp. But I must admit that after I witnessed tens of bombings, after I saw the mangled bodies burned, crushed, then the sight of death lost some of its terror. My knees did not shake then, for I was a man standing there within (the sight of) death itself. But if what I said to Sassen reflects what I say here, then it was faithfully reproduced. This was how my soul reacted to all these terrible things.

Q. And it did not bother you to be the great expediter (dispatcher of the trains) of death?

A. It bothered me, it bothered me more than any man can imagine. Therefore from time to time I asked to be given other work.

Q. But never in writing.

A. It was not customary to put such requests in writing. A man appeared before his superior officer, saluted, and made his request.

Q. Whom did you ask for this transfer to other duties?

A. Both my immediate superior, Gruppenfuehrer and Lt.-General Mueller. I asked him the first time when I was sent to Berlin and I did not want to leave my family. Later, I put in an urgent request — this was after my first trip to the East — for I could not stand the physical strain. Subsequently, I would ask after each trip. Mueller knew quite well how I felt in my innermost soul after these trips.

Q. But you never appealed (over Mueller's head) to Heydrich or Kaltenbrunner?

A. No. It would not help, for Mueller was my superior both in the disciplinary and military sense.

Q. And I tell you, and this is reflected in what you told Sassen in 1956, that your transfer to the Reich Security Head Office (i.e., Department IV B4) made you happy, and that you willingly, and

(Continued on Page 3 — Col. 3)

We hereby announce in deep sorrow
the death of our colleague

**Dr. JOSEPH SOSZCZYN**

Head, X-Ray Department,
Donolo Hospital, Jaffa.

The funeral cortege will leave today, Thursday, July 13, 1961, at 10.30 a.m. from the Donolo Hospital "B," Jaffa.

The Management, Government Hospital, Jaffa
Doctors' Committee
Workers' Committee.

# More Troops to Quit Algeria, Which Should be Independent

## Bonn Warns USSR on Treaty

BONN (Reuter).—West Germany told Russia yesterday a separate peace treaty with East Germany would increase rather than lessen world tension.

A memorandum handed over in Moscow also said the German people "continues to exist as one entity" despite all that has happened since the last war.

The West German statement replied to a Soviet memorandum on Berlin and Germany sent with a letter from Prime Minister Khrushchev to Chancellor Adenauer last February 17.

West Germany said the Soviet memorandum emphasized the urgency of concluding a peace treaty with Germany, but such a treaty could only be signed by a freely-elected all-German Government.

"Hence the timing of the conclusion of a peace treaty depends on the readiness of the Soviet Government to grant the German people exercise of the right of self-determination. The federal Government would greatly appreciate it if the Soviet Government would make such a decision at the earliest possible date in order to make negotiations on a peace treaty with an all-German Government possible," it declared.

The memorandum added that conclusion of a separate peace treaty with one part of Germany would only violate the right of self-determination recognized by the U.N. Charter. On the other hand, a peace treaty signed by an all-German Government would also settle all problems affecting Germany, including those of her borders and of Berlin.

A Bonn Government spokesman at a news conference where the memorandum was released, also touched on the proposal for a 52-nation peace conference advanced by West Berlin's Socialist Mayor, Willy Brandt, Chancellor Adenuer's opponent in next September's election. The spokesman said such a conference, "in our opinion, is not a suitable route because first we must have a legitimate all-German government."

Chancellor Adenauer flew to West Berlin yesteday for his first visit in 18 months to demonstrate close links between the isolated city and West Germany, and was greeted at Tempelhof military airfield by Mayor Brandt.

Dr. Adenauer said the current tensions surrounding Berlin's status make it necessary for him to meet with the city Senate, and his visit will stress the ties between Berlin and West Germany in the present crisis.

Dr. Adenauer met for an hour and 25 minutes with the City Government in what Mayor Brandt later described as a useful and open discussion. He said the Chancellor promised continued close contact between Bonn and West Berlin.

Mr. Brandt said there was also discussion of the possibility of calling the 52-nation conference, composed of all nations who fought Germany in World War II. The proposal, already publicly rejected by Dr. Adenauer, has become a campaign issue for the September elections.

## U.S. 'Space-Eye' In Record Orbit

POINT ARGUELLO, California (AP). — The U.S. yesterday fired — into a record orbit 1,850-miles high — the first missile alarm satellite to pass over Russia.

The altitude was a new high for a circular orbit. Satellites in oval orbits have gone higher. Previous high circular orbit was about 300 miles, by one of the Discoverer satellites.

The Air Force expressed surprised delight both with the height and the nearly perfect circle.

High altitude benefits the effectiveness of Midas' detection system, the Air Force said, because it permits a larger scanning area.

Midas III is circling the globe once every 2 hours and 40 minutes. The orbit is approximately circular, as planned.

The orbit was achieved by restarting the satellite's engine over Africa for a brief burst that increased altitude and made the orbit more circular.

The satellite, after a series of disappointing delays, roared aloft at 8.12 a.m. from this U.S. Navy space base and into a polar orbit that will carry it repeatedly over Soviet territory.

The first pass over Russia will be the third, about 7 hours and 20 minutes after launching.

Midas III is pioneering a satellite series aimed at giving nearly instant warning of hostile missile firings. Its nose is an infra-red eye which can sense heat from the exhaust of a missile blasting off hundreds of miles below.

The second, or orbital, stage carried a record fuel load for a U.S. second-stage vehicle. This gave the extra push for the high orbit. The weight, fueled, was not disclosed. With fuel expended, the 30-foot Midas III weighs 3,500 pounds, a little more than 1½ tons.

## Tshombe Spurns Congo Parliament

ELISABETHVILLE. — President Moise Tshombe of Katanga told a press conference here yesterday that he would not send any deputies to the forthcoming Congolese National Parliament.

Katanga deputies had earlier rejected all agreements signed by Tshombe while he was a prisoner of the Leopoldville regime, although they were originally said to have agreed to attend the reconvened Parliament.

(M. Tshombe's statement yesterday came shortly after the arrival here of Leopoldville Army Commander, Gen. Joseph Mobutu, to talk with President Moise Tshombe about a merger of military forces of the Central Government and Katanga Province. He is expected to remain in Elisabethville only a few days during which time it is believed the two leaders will discuss implementation of the March military agreement under which the Leopoldville and Katanga regimes agreed to establish a joint strategic body for defence against the Stanleyville regime's leftist leader, M. Antoine Gizenga.)
*(Reuter, UPI)*

## Manchester Maids Mob Gagarin

MANCHESTER (Reuter). — Major Yuri Gagarin, the Soviet space hero, received his second triumphant reception within 24 hours yesterday when he made a brief, whirlwind tour of industrial Manchester, in northern England.

In the space of a few hours the 27-year-old cosmonaut was:

Mobbed at the airport by women and girls; acclaimed by 23,000 British workers during a foundry visit and later at an open-air rally; made an honorary member of one of Britain's oldest trade unions; presented with his second gold medal within 24 hours in recognition of his exploit in orbiting the world last April, and hailed by a trade union official as the "most famous man in the world."

Major Gagarin also made a string of speeches, shook hands with hundreds of well-wishers and vowed that the Soviet Union had only the most peaceful designs in exploring outer space.

On the flight to Manchester, the Soviet airman briefly handled the controls of a Viscount 800 airliner.

## Japan Seeks Mongolia Ties

TOKYO.—The Japanese Government has started negotiations to establish diplomatic relations with Outer Mongolia, two major Japanese newspapers reported yesterday.

There was no official comment, but the mass circulation dailies "Asahi" and "Yomiuri" both quoted sources close to the Foreign Ministry.

"Yomiuri" said Japan, taking the initiative, has conveyed its intentions through a Japanese Embassy in an East European country, which was not identified.

"Asahi" said the negotiation is still on "an unofficial level."

Both papers indicated that Japan has decided to explore establishment of diplomatic relations with Outer Mongolia because the U.S. is also seeking normal relations with the Asian country, sandwiched between the Soviet Union and Communist China.

(Washington disclosed last week that it is studying the matter.)

Earlier yesterday, Foreign Ministry sources said they considered the Chinese-North-Korean mutual aid treaty signed in Peking Tuesday antagonism between Moscow and Peking.

The treaty was believed to be an attempt to exert pressure on the military government of South Korea and to strengthen an anti-American movement in Japan, the sources added.

In Peking yesterday, Mayor Peng Chen told a rally of 10,000 people that the treaties of cooperation and mutual aid signed by the Soviet Union and by China with North Korea show the "great unity" among people of the three countries.
*(AP, Reuter, UPI)*

Send Your Friends Abroad A Gift Subscription to the THE JERUSALEM POST Overseas Weekly

## De Gaulle Reaffirms Partition

**PARIS (Reuter).—President de Gaulle last night announced the impending transfer of some troops from Algeria to France, and said France accepted that the Algerian peoples should constitute an entirely independent state.**

He said in a television broadcast that the military situation in Algeria permitted the transfer of "important units" of troops to France and consideration for reducing the length of military service by several weeks starting September.

The acceptance of Algerian independence was "without any reservation," he said, but added that failing cooperation between Algeria and France there would have to be a regrouping for their protection of those inhabitants who refused to be part of a state "destined to chaos."

Gen. de Gaulle said the government of other peoples was out of date now. For many reasons France's direct national interest consisted now in withdrawing from "costly charges" and in leaving her former subjects to decide their own destiny.

This, he said, must also happen in Algeria. Since the rebellion there produced fighting and terrorism, it was necessary for the French Army to carry the day in the field so that France can maintain her full freedom of decision and action.

"This result has been attained. We can therefore take many measures of appeasement on the spot, begin to transfer to France important units, envisage the reduction by several weeks of the length of military service starting next September, and turn over for modern armaments the economy thus obtained.

"This being so, France accepts without any conditions that the Algerian populations shall constitute an entirely independent state. For this purpose she is quite ready to negotiate, free self-determination with the Algerian political elements, and particularly with those of the insurrection.

Gen. de Gaulle said France "remains disposed to maintain her aid to Algeria once organic cooperation of the communities is assured there, and her own interests there are guaranteed.

"Failing this association she would have, in the last resort, to regroup in some zone or other, in order to protect those of the inhabitants who would refuse to be part of a state destined to chaos, procure for them the means of establishing themselves in France if that were their wish, take no part whatever in the fate of all the others and forbid them access to her own territory.

"After that France would see what happened. In any case she is firmly decided no longer to waste her efforts and men, nor her money, in Algeria or for that matter anywhere else."

## FLN Ready to Give 'Real Guarantees'

CAIRO (AP). — FLN rebel leader Belkacem Krim said yesterday he is prepared to offer "real and serious" guarantees for the welfare of Frenchmen in Algeria when talks resume with France.

In an interview here, Krim, who headed the rebel delegation at the Evian talks, said the rebels are prepared to renew talks at any time, and could start next Sunday or Monday.

He said the FLN delegation is prepared to make a new effort to break the present deadlock and "we agree that France should have real and serious guarantees for Frenchmen in Algeria."

Guarantees for the French minority would be negotiated "on condition this does not endanger our sovereignty and territorial integrity or create a State within a State."

Krim said the principal obstacle to progress in negotiations was France's "refusal to recognize the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Algeria."

He said his delegation is prepared to discuss the development of the "riches of the Sahara," but not sovereignty over it.

## Sahara Jews Made French Citizens

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — The National Assembly yesterday adopted a Government Bill conferring full French citizenship on Jewish communities living in the Sahara.

In 1918, when the Cremieux Decree gave Algerian Jewry French nationality, the Saharan Jews did not benefit because that desert was not considered part of Algeria.

The only large Jewish community there is found in the Mzaab oasis. It numbers 1,900 souls.

The Jews of the Sahara, whose ancestors are believed to have settled in the desert as fugitives from East Mediterranean regions after the collapse of the Bar Kochba revolt, in the year 135, today lead the lives of primitive aborigines under semi-autonomous rabbinical administration.

The Government bill was passed virtually without debate. The sole objection was raised by a Communist Deputy who complained that the measure showed the Government's determination to "amputate the Sahara from Algeria."

## 2 MARAUDERS KILLED

**Two armed marauders were killed on Tuesday night in a clash with a Defence Force patrol near the Gaza Strip border, the Army spokesman announced last night.**

## FRANCE DENIES MAKING SHAVIT

PARIS (Reuter). — French official sources last night "categorically denied" an Egyptian newspaper report that Israel's experimental rockets were French-built.

The sources said French engineers and technicians "knew nothing" about the specifications of the Israeli rockets.

## AFTER MIDNIGHT

Canadian author Mazo de la Roche, internationally known for her "Jalna" series of historical romances, died in her Toronto home yesterday in the late seventies.

•

Hundreds of laughing, jostling, shouting Moscow bobbysoxers last night mobbed Hollywood film star Elizabeth Taylor inside and outside the Moskva Hotel, headquarters of the International Film Festival which she is attending.

## Kuwait Demands Guarantees

Kuwait yesterday told the Arab League that it would not ask Britain to withdraw its forces until it receives adequate Arab guarantees of its independence and until Iraq renounces its claim to the sheikhdom.

The statement was made in a memorandum attached to Kuwait's request for membership of the Arab League. The League Political Committee met in Cairo last night to discuss the "Kuwait complex."

According to Cairo Radio, the agenda comprises: the evacuation of Kuwait by British forces; the sheikhdom's application for membership; the independence, and joint Arab guarantees for the preservation of its independence against foreign intervention in the future.

The issue was taken up at the beginning of this month, but discussion was adjourned to enable the League's Secretary-General Abdul Khalik Hassuna to attempt to mediate between Iraq and Kuwait.

Meanwhile, Iraqi Premier Kassem yesterday reiterated his claim to the sheikhdom in a speech heralding the celebrations of the third anniversary of his July 14 *coup d'etat*. Speaking at a ceremony at which the cornerstone was laid for Baghdad's new broadcasting station, Kassem sent greetings to "our brethren in the southern district, Kuwait."
(Cairo, Baghdad Radios)

## UK to Withdraw Units, But Retain Strength

LONDON (Reuter). — British forces in Kuwait will be further reduced in the near future without impairing their ability to carry out their allotted task, the Defence Ministry announced here yesterday.

Details of the forces to be withdrawn will be announced as they leave the area, the Ministry said.

Two companies of the Coldstream Guards and a Hunter fighter squadron have already pulled out of the Persian Gulf Sheikhdom.

The Secretary for War, Mr. John Profumo, said yesterday in the House of Commons that British forces in Kuwait consisted at the moment of Royal Marine commandos and three battalions of infantry with tanks, armoured cars and guns in support.

VITA

Gift for Stamp Collectors
Send three Vita Ice Cream wrappers to P.O.B. 324, Ramat Gan, and receive a set of foreign stamps.
Stamp gift also for Vita Instant Soup (puree) wrappers.

"A CHARMING WOMAN — BUT . . ."
That's what Mrs. S.'s acquaintances used to remark. And the big "but" was B.O. (*) from which the poor lady suffered, particularly in summer. Even repeated showers and ablutions were of no avail until one day she tried "Assuta" Shemen's wonderful toilet soap, with the aid of which she got rid of the nuisance at once.
"Assuta" contains G-11 for the prevention of B.O. and leaves a feeling of freshness and cleanliness the whole day long.
(*) B.O. = Body Odour
(Advt.)

40% Tourist Reduction

JERSEY SUITS and DRESSES
ASCO
94 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv

## Social & Personal

President Ben-Zvi on Tuesday received Mr. Rehav'am Amir, who recently returned after completing his tour of duty as Minister to Poland.

•

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, yesterday received the French Ambassador, M. Jean A. A. Bourdeillette, and the Italian Ambassador, Count Giovanni Revedin.

•

The Ethiopian Deputy-Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Tadessa Ya'akob, yesterday called on the Histadrut Secretary-General, Mr. Aharon Becker.

•

The dedication of the library in memory of Max Wexler, of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union in Boston, took place at Kiryat Shmonah yesterday.

•

The meeting of the Tel Aviv-Yafo Rotary Club today at the Z.O.A. House at 1.15 p.m., will be addressed by Deputy Defence Minister Shimon Peres, on the subject: "Israel-France Friendship."

### National All-Stars Edge Americans, 5-4

SAN FRANCISCO (AP). — The National League, after twice losing two-run leads, came from behind with two runs in the 10th inning Tuesday and beat the American League 5-4 in the 20th Major League baseball all-star game before a crowd of 44,115.

Hometown hero Willie Mays drove in the tying run and Roberto Clemente the winner for the Nationals, who had fallen behind 4-3 in the top of the 10th after the Americans had been held to just one hit for the first eight innings.

### Irish Beat Israel XI, 3:1, in St. Louis

ST. LOUIS, Missouri (AP).— St. Louis soccer fans saw an exhibition of the game at its finest on Tuesday night as Ireland's Shamrock Rovers defeated an Israel selected 3-1.

Each team scored once in the opening half, Yehoshua Glaser scoring for Israel.

### JORDAN ASKS HELP IN OPENING SCROLLS

*AMMAN (Reuter). — The Jordan Antiquities Department has requested help from a Unesco team to unroll some of its Dead Sea scrolls. The Department also announced on Tuesday that it would welcome any archaeologist wishing to help unroll them.*

## CINEMAS

### JERUSALEM

3.30, 7, 9

CHEN: Oceans 11, (3.30, 7, 9.15)
EDEN: The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn.
EDISON: Born Reckless (7, 9)
HABIRAH: Spartacus (4, 8)
JERUSALEM: La Femme et le Pantin
OR GIL: Inherit the Wind (7, 9.15),
ORNA: Dahab
ORION: The Marriage Go Round
RON: Rocco and his Brothers (3.30, 7 & 9.30)
SEMADAR: I Want to Live
STUDIO: Mother, Don't Leave Me.
TEL OR: Dentist in the Chair
ZION HALL: The Bell Boy

### TEL AVIV

4, 7.30, 9.30

ALLENBY: The Magnificent Seven (4, 7.30, 9.30)
ARMON DAVID: School for Scoundrels
BEN YEHUDA: The Virgin Spring (10, 12, 2, 4, 7.30, 9.30)
CHEN: Mamzels (4, 7.15, 9.30)
EDEN: My Happiness Only With You
ESTHER: Magic Boy
GAT: Wild Strawberries (7.30, 9.30)
HOD: Sleeping Beauty (3.30, 5.30, 7.30)
MAXIM: Ni Vu... Ni Connu...
MIGDALOR: Upstairs and Downstairs
MOGRABI: Les Fausses Ingenues
OPHIR: Spartacus (4, 8)
ORION: Uncertain Mr. Jo
PARIS: The Nun's Story (7, 9.30)
PEER: The Man Who Wouldn't Talk
SHDEROT: Never On Sunday (7.30, 9.30).
TAMAR: The Old Teller (10, 12, 2, 4, 7, 9)
TCHELET: Eugen Onegin
TEL AVIV: Sanctuary
TARON: The World of Suzie Wong
ZAFON: Can-Can (7, 9.30)
ZAMIR: The Last Attack
RAMAT GAN: The League of Gentlemen

### HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Pinky
ARMON: The Two Way Stretch
ATZMON: Pollyanna
CHEN: Lesson in Love (4, 6.45, 9)
EN DOR: Five Fingers (2.45, 9)
GAL OR: The Line-Up
MAY: J'irai Cracher sur vos Tombes
MIRON: The House in Which We Live
MORIAH: Never on Sunday
ORAN: Elmer Gantry
ORION: The Virgin Spring
ORLY: Please Don't Eat the Daisies (2.45, 9)
PEPE: Si Pequeno Coronel (4, 6.45, 9)
TAMAR: Jenny

ISRAEL NATIONAL
OPERA
1 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv
Tel. 27160 Air-cooled Hall
Perfs. start 8.30 p.m.
AIDA: 15/7
LA PERICHOLE: 16/7

# Eichmann Feints as Hausner Thrusts

## *Defendant Says His Name Is in Document Because of 'Sloppiness'*

By MACABEE DEAN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

Did Adolf Eichmann originate orders?

The Attorney-General, Mr. Gideon Hausner, spent several hours yesterday cross-examining Eichmann to substantiate his charge that Eichmann did. (It will be recalled that Eichmann himself allowed that Goering, Frank, and Kaltenbrunner had been justly condemned to death for they had originated orders based on a general policy.)

Mr. Hausner opened yesterday morning's session by asking:

"Dr. Rudolf Mildner, called by Dr. Robert Servatius to testify on your behalf, defined the limits of your jurisdiction in his deposition. Before I question you about this, I should like to ask: Is it true you were never enemies and that you met as friends after the war?"

A. We were never enemies.

Q. Mildner says you were the adviser and agent i.e., had the legal power to act on behalf) of Himmler, Kaltenbrunner and Mueller in Jewish matters. You had the legal power to deport Jews, to deal with foreign countries, and to contact senior S.S. and police officers. Do you wish to deny this statement which Dr. Servatius submitted in your defence?

A. When it was submitted, I expressed my reservations on this point. Mildner was also mistaken on other points. For example, he says I was transferred from Department III and attached to Department IV. I never was in Department III, only in Department II, and I never was attached to Department IV but officially tranferred. Mildner also says that the orders for the deportation of the Jews to labour and concentration camps were given by Himmler and these orders were transferred through Kaltenbrunner to Mueller. I should like to point out that Himmler did not always originate the orders; sometimes they were initiated by Heydrich and Kaltenbrunner. As for the statement that I was Himmler's agent in Jewish matters, I should like to point out that I was never his agent or Kaltenbrunner's. But I acted for Mueller in certain areas. Mildner is also mistaken when he says that Mueller discussed matters orally with his officers. Mueller did not do this. He gave orders.

**Denies 'Special Position'**

Q. I didn't ask you to analyze the document; I only asked you to comment on the fact that Mildner says you occupied a special position among the referents.

A. This is incorrect.

Q. All right, then take this document by Karl Heinz Hoffman which was submitted at Nuremberg. He says you always dealt with matters which came from the highest echelons.

A. Anyone who had anything to do with the Jews, even borderline cases, tried to shift the blame on others at Nuremberg.

Q. But Professor Franz Six, testifying only a short time ago, not in Nuremberg, says that "Eichmann's department occupied a special position, and it might be said that Eichmann was not subordinate to Mueller, but that his position was somewhat close to Mueller's." This is another one of your defence witnesses.

A. This also is incorrect, for otherwise why would witness after witness say that I got orders in every matter?

Q. I know that you habitually ran to get backing for your orders, and even Wisliceny, who gave you a special position (in regard to Jewish matters), said that you always covered yourself by orders. He also said that you were the Reichsfuehrung (Administration) S.S. for Jewish Matters.

A. This is not correct in any form or manner. The chart showing the assignment of duties and jurisdiction is the determining factor.

**Q. But it was pointed out yesterday that the "final solution" was not a clearly defined task on any official assignment of duties. We are not dealing with formalities, but with realities. In practice, in the eyes of the Reich and your own colleagues, you were the person authorized to decide in Jewish matters, so much so that you were the Reichsfuehrung S.S.**

A. This is not true. I was not the only "Jewish Referent." There was Willinger in Department II.

Q. We have already heard this. Now on this official document, in which Germany is taking a position in regard to the Jews living in Italy, you are listed as the "Administrator of the SS." Even your own Foreign Ministry considered you the Reichsfuerung S.S. in Jewish affairs.

A. No. I appeared here on behalf of Mueller.

Q. But Ribbentrop himself in this official document calls you the "Executive in Jewish matters."

*A. It is a mistake. If it were true, I would have the courage to admit it.*

**'Office Carelessness'**

**Justice Landau: Then how did your name get into the letter? Answer briefly and to the point and I will understand you better.**

Eichmann: Your Honour, I don't know.... It must have been entered as a result of sloppiness or office carelessness.... It might have been entered because I transferred information.

Mr. Hausner: And as a man who transfers information — a megaphone, so to speak — a messenger boy, they called you "Reichsfuehrung S.S." Do you expect anyone to believe this?

As Eichmann began to answer, Justice Landau, anticipating an outburst, warned the spectators to maintain decorum.

Eichmann continued that "Those who examine the documents — there are 1,600 of them — will believe... in this case it was Rademacher who wrote this and he knew little about procedural matters."

Mr. Hausner: If Rademacher was so careless, how do you explain this document in which it says that "Obersturmbannfuehrer Eichmann promises the implementation of these steps" in regard to deportations in Denmark. You speak here in the name of the Reich Security Head Office.

A. But you must understand, when a man goes some place, he is called the "man from office so-and-so."

Q. In other words, Dr. Best saw you as the "man from the R.S.H.A. for Jewish affairs."— And here, Professor Six says that "Eichmann could supply details on the persecution of Jews and related matters." Persons applied to you for information.

A. I was not the man in Jewish affairs, but a station for reports which passed through my hands.

Q. (S.S. Judge George Konrad) Morgen says that "in the organization of the extermination organization, and in its implementation, there was one man, Obersturmbannfuehrer Eichmann of the R.S.H.A. and his staff."

A. But Judge Morgen contradicts himself. Here he says that "Eichmann had nothing to do with executions." What Morgen says is partly right, partly wrong.

Q. Then let us sum up. Rudolf Hoess, Wisliceny, Hoffmann, Mildner, Six and Morgen, all say that you had a "special position." Are they all lying?

A. If I had such a position, I would have had much more influence and not have applied to my superiors all the time.

Q. Fine, fine. They are all lying. You are telling the truth.— And when you are called Kaltenbrunner's agent in wiping out the Lodz ghetto?

A. I was not his agent, but I took his order with me.

**'Orders ... Orders'**

**In reply to a series of questions about the shipment of Jews to the camps, Eichmann said that "for each new wave of deportations, new orders were issued. Only after I got these orders did I draw up train timetables."**

Q. But there was the Fuehrer's order issued in the summer of 1941. You saw it. It was signed by Goering. You did not need specific orders each time.

A. If this were so, Heydrich could have come to me after Wannsee and said: The decision has been taken; now we can start to work; do what you think is necessary. But this did not happen. Each time Himmler would issue orders, and each lower echelon of command would act accordingly. I was limited by this framework, and each time I had to do what I was ordered. I don't deny this. I can't deny this.

Q. I say that there were no special orders each time, and that there was no need for them.

Eichmann, shown a document which dealt with his trip to Paris, said that it clearly showed that he had gone to Paris under orders from Mueller to deal with the deportation of 130,000-150,00 Jews.

**Q. You have put your finger on an important point. You mention Mueller's orders here, but this is the only document which lists you as acting under specific orders from your superiors. In hundreds of others you talk about "I" giving the orders. No mention was made of Mueller. You were acting under general orders (i.e. you applied policy to give specific orders under these general orders.) Can you show me another document where you appear under specific orders; where you rely on Mueller?**

**Burnt Documents**

A. There are only 1,500 documents here out of a possible 20,000-30,000.

Q. You burnt the others.

A. Under orders.

Mr. Hausner then dealt with Eichmann's actions to prevent individual Jews or groups of Jews from escaping from the Nazis. He asked:

"When you learned that the well-to-do Jews in Rumania were planning to leave before you had a chance to implement the final solution there, you asked the Foreign Ministry to take steps to prevent the rich from leaving and leaving only the poor behind. What business did you have interfering in the internal affairs of Rumania?

A. I was ordered to, as I was in the other cases, but I did not want to do this, and the plans I made before this happened will prove this.

Q. Listen to what you are saying, Jews could have escaped from Rumania from certain death, and you, you, closed the way. You signed this letter.

A. But someone else dictated it.

Q. And when Sweden wanted to give its citizenship to some Norwegian Jews, you ordered them deported before this could be done.

A. It was my duty to write such letters, as I've said. There were two persons in my department who dealt with such letters. They even divided up the alphabet between them.

Q. And when this Polish Jew wanted to escape to Rumania — and the letter in which he deals with his escape is confiscated in Poland —you were asked to deal with the matter.

*A. Hundreds of letters like this were received.*

*Q. Because you were the address for them.*

# *Accused Admits Knowing He Sent Jews to Death*

By DORIS LANKIN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

**Adolf Eichmann admitted yesterday that he had known that the Jews were being sent to their death and that they had been deported according to directives drawn up by him.**

However, given an opportunity by Justice Landau to elaborate on this admission—so as not to present a false picture — he produced his usual explanation that he had acted on orders and had not been competent to draft the directives on his own initiative.

The main object of Attorney-General Gideon Hausner's cross-examination yesterday morning was to draw such an admission from Eichmann.

Mr. Hausner questioned Eichmann on a list of directives, drawn up by him, laying down the procedure to be observed by the deporting authorities.

**Q. According to these directives, reports on every transport sent after February 20, 1943, had to be submitted to your department, to the Commandant of all the concentration camps at Oranienburg, and to the Auschwitz concentration camp.**

A. Yes.

**Q. You were in constant touch with Hoess (Commandant of Auschwitz) in order to keep informed at all times about the camp's absorption potential.**

**Retracts Statement**

*This was emphatically denied by Eichmann, who maintained that neither he nor the concentration camp commandants had any authority to decide on the absorptive capacity of the camps, as this came within the exclusive province of the department which controlled the whole network of concentration camps. Pressed by Mr. Hausner on this point, he repudiated what he himself allegedly said in his interview with Sassen, claiming then he had relied on his memory which was faulty, whereas a later study of the documents showed him conclusively that he could not have had anything to do with the absorptive capacity of the concentration camps.*

Under further questioning, Eichmann said he had met with Hoess, but denied that he had argued with him about speeding up the shipments to Auschwitz. He said:

"I could not fix the numbers and the rate of deportations. This came within the province of my superiors."

After Mr. Hausner had questioned him at great length on the directives he issued concerning deportation to other camps than Auschwitz, Eichmann finally admitted that he knew that they were extermination camps. He added: "I, at any rate, never denied that to my great regret the deported Jews were sent to their death. I could not deny this."

Pressed further on the matter of his responsibility for shipments to death camps, Eichmann said:

"I had nothing to do with the extermination camps, and I refuse to testify on matters which I did not see with my own eyes. I have already testified on what I saw with my own eyes when I was sent there on orders" from the head of my office.

After admitting, under further questioning, that he had started getting reports about the operations of the Einsatzgruppen in September 1941, Eichmann said:

"I never denied that I knew that the Einsatzgruppen had been ordered to carry out the extermination programme.... (But) my task was a completely insignificant one..."

At the conclusion of yesterday morning's session, Mr. Hausner questioned Eichmann on his theory about the responsibility of the "givers of orders" as opposed to the "receivers of orders."

Q. The order (for the extermination) came from the Fuehrer, and all the rest only carried it out. Isn't that so?

A. Yes.

Q. So that even Kaltenbrunner, for example, and Heydrich were receivers of orders in this respect?

A. No. The highest officers had a kind of right of veto. They could have called Himmler's attention to the fact, for example, that some step or other was not desirable. I, as the head of a subdepartment, did not have this same right.

**On Himmler's Instruction**

Q. Did the heads of the R.S.H.A. have to carry out Hitler's orders?

A. When they received an instruction to that effect from Himmler, yes.

Q. And you justified the verdict of the Nuremberg Tribunal against Kaltenbrunner despite the fact that in accordance with what you have just said he also only received orders?

A. No, he gave orders, in his capacity as a commanding general.

Q. But I am asking about Kaltenbrunner's role in the extermination of the Jews. Did he then receive orders?

A. No, in this, too, he gave orders.

Q. But you cannot contradict yourself within a period of a five minutes.

Justice Landau: Is it not correct to say that he both received and gave orders.

A. That is impossible. They were generals of high rank. Previously they had been members of the Reichstag. They had other powers in the executive, in the organization and administration. They played the first fiddle.

Justice Landau: I must say that I am surprised to hear this. National Socialist Germany was organized on the principle of a hierarchy. That means that everyone below Hitler received orders.

A. But I am of the opinion that these holders of high office had special powers.

Justice Landau: Do you mean to say that within the frame of their orders they had wide personal powers of discretion?

A. They had a greater right of authority, if I may be permitted to say so.

Justice Landau: I apologise for my intervention. But these matters are practically common knowledge.

Mr. Hausner: Yes, but the accused is seeking to deny them. Do you agree with me that insofar as the extermination of the Jews is concerned, both Heydrich and Kaltenbrunner were receivers of orders from the Fuehrer? That the moment the order left the Fuehrer's mouth it was binding on the whole chain of command from the highest to the lowest echelons?

A. It was binding on the receivers of orders, naturally. But I have never heard generals of commanding rank described as "receivers of orders." This is the first time I hear this.

**Officers Demobilized**

Q. Have you never heard that Hitler gave orders to the highest ranking officers in the Reich? Did von Brauchitsch and Mannstein not receive orders from Hitler? Were they not "receivers of orders"?

A. But I also heard that some of these highest ranking officers were transferred to civilian life from time to time, as they had used their right of veto.

Q. And nothing happened to them, they were not put on trial, they were not shot on the spot?

A. I do not know exactly how these generals and fieldmarshals behaved. At any rate, they were transferred from time to time to civilian life, whenever anything cropped up between them and the Fuehrer. I recall, for example, that when Field-Marshals Halder and Mannstein disagreed about some military operation concerning which Hitler had given the order, they were transferred to civilian life.

At this point, Justice Landau adjourned the court.

This Year—
"AMCOR"
AIRCONDITIONERS
30% Cheaper!
Amcor

Wanted
BIG
AMERICAN CAR
1958 or later model
from diplomat or tourist.
*Offers to: P.O.B. 4309, Haifa.*

HERZLIYA DEVELOPMENT
10 dunams available for development in Herzliya, between Accadia and Sharon Hotels. Only development offers will be considered
Apply No. 64028, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

YOUNG ENERGETIC
Sales Executive
presently employed in U.S. interested in locating position with aggressive firm—will be available for interviews July 10-19. If necessary nominal investment will be considered.
*Apply: No. 64023, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.*


**EMERGENCY PHARMACIES**

JERUSALEM: Batish, 10 Straus, 22911.
TEL AVIV: Magen David, 35 Allenby, 68426. Nordau, 183 Ben Yehuda, 43672. Yehuda Halevi, 91 Yehuda Halevi, 65159. Greenberg, 46 King George corner Bension Blvd., 26208. RAMAT GAN: Amit, 130 Modi'in, 72964. BAT YAM: Shulamit, 4 Daniel, near Bat Yam cinema. PETAH TIKVA: Pinsker, 3 Pinsker, 911515. HOLON: Tikva, Kikar Struma. REHOVOT: Levin, 156 Herzl, 96-1345. NATANYA: Truffa. HERZLIYA: Zablocky.
HAIFA: Balfour, 1 Massada, 2289.

**EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS**

JERUSALEM: Dr. Hameiri, 71 Derech Beit Lechem, 26457. Dr. Zerrad, 89 Jaffa Rd., 23357. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi. Dr. Serodio, 3 Gan Rehavia, 27468.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748. Dr. Garman, 25 Frishman corner 30 Syrkin. Dr. Weiss, 73 Disengoff, 27207. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlosoroff, 51300. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 51374.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 5 Hanevi'im, 2456.

GLORIA DAVY
internationally famous Soprano, the first Negress to sing "Aida" at the New York Metropolitan Opera. Star of the European and Israeli tour of "Porgy and Bess." She will sing the role of *"Fiordiligi"* in the I.P.O. performances of
COSI FAN TUTTE


# WHAT'S ON

**JERUSALEM**

**Holyland Hotel:** Five o'clock Tea. Swimming. Dancing & Orch. every Saturday night. Israeli films every Tuesday night. Transport: Hotel bus, opp. Taxi Israel. Tel. 24498/99/90.

• **Drink & Dance:—**
Relax and have a good time at Bacchus. Tourists welcome too.
Pension Geiger Bar — Restaurant, Beit Hakerem, Tel. 22185.

• **Tours: —**
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily, Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.
Yad Vashem, Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority, Har Hazikaron — visits to the Memorial Shrine (Ohel Yizkor) and to the new exhibition entitled "Warning And Witness." Sundays to Thursdays, 8 to 6. Fridays and holiday eves 8 to 1.
Conducted tours at the Hadassah-Hebrew University Medical Centre at 9.30 a.m. (Hebrew), 11 a.m. (English). Lobby of the out-patient clinic. Bus No. 19.
Full Hadassah tour at 9 a.m. daily from the Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre, Tel. 24061.

• **New Israeli Films:—**
Daily showings. Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon till 1 p.m.

• **Exhibitions:—**
Drawings by Jane Hillman-Schacherl; collages by Judith Yellin-Gaertner, Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.
Archaeological Museum Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, New exhibitions. New Excavations at Akhziv. Exhibition of the month: Phoenician figurines from Akhziv. Permanent Exhibition, 9-1, 3-5.
Bezalel National Museum Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Pablo Picasso — exhibition of graphic work on the occasion of the master's 80th birthday, 9-1, 3.30-6.
Bezalel Art Library: The Library celebrates Picasso (ceramics & sculpture). 9-2.30.
"Israel Today", permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1, 4-6.
Watercolours & Gouaches "Angels & Landscapes" by Yost Bergner, Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, Tel. 23523. Daily 9-1, 4-7.

• **Zoo:—**
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

**TEL AVIV**

• **Dine and Dance:—**
Casba Bar-Restaurant, 32 Rehov Yirmiyahu, international Cuisine Lunch IL5. Aperitif. Dinner Dance, Tel. 43617. Open from 12 p.m. to 3 a.m. Fully air-conditioned.
Zidon Restaurant, 12 Rehov Hacarmel, Tel Aviv, fish specialities. Parking space.
Delphin Bar, 16 Shalom Aleichem: exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 23973.
Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel. 51349. New International Show.
"Pagoda" Restaurant. Exclusive. 217 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 42516.

• **Savyon: —**
For dancing & international atmosphere the JET CLUB, Avia Hotel—Savyon, Israel's newest, most attractive.....

• **Tourist Service: —**
Wiso Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825. 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
Z.O.A. House, 9 a.m.—7 p.m.

• **Zoological Gardens: —**
Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• **Exhibitions:—**
Prints and Drawings, Israel Painters and Sculptors Ass., Art Pavilion, 9 Alharizi, 10-1; closed, Sat., 10-1.
Oil paintings by Jewish Artists from U.S.A., Z.O.A. House, 10 a.m. — 10 p.m.
Ancient Glass, Pre-historic finds in coastal region, Museum Ha'aretz, 10-5.
Tel Aviv Museum:
1) Disengoff House, Rothschild Blvd. Closed till Sat.
2) Rubinstein Pavilion, Tarsat Blvd. Lutka Pink — oil paintings. Dan Hoffner — oil paintings, watercolours, sketches, daily, 10-1, 4-7. Friday, 10-1, Saturday, 6-10 p.m.
3) Tel Aviv Historical Museum, Beit Ehenazar, 26 Rehov Bialik. 9-1 (excepting Mondays, Saturdays and festivals).

**HAIFA**

• **Exhibitions: —**
Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Shderot Hanassi, Mt. Carmel. New Exhibition: Nagasaki-e, from the De Roos collection 10-1, 4-7.
A retrospective exhibition of Chana Orloff, Sculptures, Museum of Modern Art, Rehov Bialik, 10-1; 4-7. Saturday included.
Art Gallery: Paintings, Woodcuts, Sculptures. Artists' House, 24 U.N.O. Avenue, 10-1, 4-7.

**BEERSHEBA**

For good food, service and fun, follow the sun south to Eshel House, Restaurant, Bar & Hotel 201 Rehov Keren Kayemet.

**HERZLIYA**

• **Afternoon Tea: —**
Meet your friends at the cool garden of Pension Varda, Herzliya B, for afternoon tea or evening snack. Easy-chairs, Ping-Pong, card tables. Tel. 922161.

**RAMLA**

Habimah: "Be Arvot Hanegev," 8.30.


INBAL
Dance Theatre
THE STORY OF RUTH
A Musical Play
TEL AVIV: Mograbi, Sat. night, July 15. Two parts at 7.30 & 9.30 p.m. (air conditioning).
RAMATAYIM: Beit Hapoalim, Tues., July 18.
TEL AVIV: Mograbi, Wed., July 19.

Private Car Owners Holidaying Abroad
"ARI," Storage Co. Ltd.,
has specially closed storage space for cars. Easy terms. Those interested please phone Tel Aviv. 32960/32868, or apply direct to our stores at 26 Rehov Haharash, Tel Aviv, between 8 a.m. and 2 p.m.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
Two Special Performances
COSI FAN TUTTE
*Comic Opera by MOZART*
TEL AVIV — Mann Auditorium, 8.30 p.m.
MONDAY — JULY 17
WEDNESDAY — JULY 19
CONDUCTOR AND SOLOISTS FROM THE NEW YORK METROPOLITAN OPERA
Conductor: THOMAS SCHIPPERS
Sale of Tickets to the general public starts tomorrow 14.7.61
at Mann Auditorium Box Office (Huberman St.), Daily: 10-1, 4-6; Fridays: 10-1.
Prices: From IL3.— to IL8.50.
Reduction to I.P.O. Subscribers on Reduction Voucher "Special Concert No. 5" (yellow).

Cosi Fan Tutte
GALA OPENING PERFORMANCE
TEL AVIV—SATURDAY, JULY 15
SOLD OUT
GALA PERFORMANCES
HAIFA — THURSDAY, JULY 20
"Armon" Theatre, at 9 p.m.
JERUSALEM — SUNDAY, JULY 23
Binyanei Ha'oomah, at 8.30 p.m.
TICKETS OBTAINABLE
HAIFA: I.P.O. Offices, Beit Hakranot, 16 Rehov Hersl, Room, 217, and Ginzburg-Yuval's Office, 25 Rehov Herzl—Daily: 10-1, 4-6; Fridays: 10-1.
JERUSALEM: at Cahana's Ticket Agency, Zion Square. Daily: 9-1, 2.30-7; Fridays: 9-1.
Prices: IL3.— to IL10.—
Reduction to I.P.O. Subscribers on Reduction Voucher "Special Concert No. 2" (yellow).

"A truly funny picture" —The New Yorker
"One of the funniest" —Saturday Review
School for Scoundrels
THOMAS · SIM · CARMICHAEL · SCOTT
Exclusive Showing at 5th WEEK
ARMON DAVID Cinema, Tel Aviv


## YESTERDAY'S PRESS:

# Mapai's Stand on Refugees

**Ha'aretz** (non-party) notes that the statements made by various Mapai leaders on the Arab refugee problem "were an attempt to obscure the impression gained by the public on the basis of Mr. Ben-Gurion's remarks in New York." The paper says that according to the Government's decision, "the possibility of the return of a number of refugees is not excluded in certain circumstances and under certain conditions," and it adds: "Members of Mapai of course have a right to oppose this line. But since the Government, headed by Mr. Ben-Gurion, adopted the decision it did, the public will know that those who oppose the decision within Mapai are only expressing their personal opinions."

**Ha-aodia** (Agudat Yisrael) writes that Eichmann's "cross-examination has more and more revealed the character of the accused." Eichmann's denials and attempts to cast guilt on others "do not redound to the credit of the accused or the regime that he represents, the representatives of which do not even have the courage to admit their acts or to express regret for them."

**Al Hamishmar** (Mapam) says that the decision to launch the rocket should have been taken by the entire Government. There is reason to believe, the paper goes on, that Israel would have gained by delaying the launching and allowing the UAR to launch her American rockets first. "This would have obviated the suspicions now being voiced about Israel's opening of a new race ... in the Middle East ... In any case, Israel could thus have made it more difficult for those who are trying to justify the supply of rockets ... to the UAR."

**Herut** avers that the preceding day's Davar did not mention the trade pact between Britain and the UAR and the West German loan to Jordan because the editors did not want to show the real results of Mr. Ben-Gurion's trips abroad.

**Haboker** (Liberal) criticizes Mapai election propaganda in general, and in the foreign language press in particular.

**Hatzofe** (National Religious) says that Mr. Ben-Gurion's resignation did not void the Cabinet decision on the "affair," but doubts the wisdom of calling a special Knesset session to discuss his statement on the matter.

**Lamerhav** (Ahdut Ha'avoda) discusses the Ports Authority.

**Davar** (Histadrut) dwells on the visit of the President of Upper Volta.

### LYDDA FLIGHTS

THURSDAY
All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: El Al 102 from Jo'burg, Leopoldville and Athens —0905. El Al 318 from Istanbul—1415. El Al 282 from New York, London, Rome — 1805. K.L.M. 525 from Amsterdam and Rome — 1845. TWA 800 from New York, Paris, Rome and Athens — 1915. Olympic 602 from Athens — 2010. Air France 134 from Paris and Rome — 2110. Alitalia 454 from Rome and Athens — 2135. Cyprus Air 62 to Nicosia — 0040.

DEPARTURES: El Al 317 to Istanbul 0700. Swissair 331 to Athens and Zurich — 0900. El Al 227 to Paris, New York — 0900. Alitalia 453 from Rome—0910. Sabena 576 to Vienna and Brussels — 1035. B.E.A. 323 to Athens, Rome and London — 10.30 El Al 435 to Zurich and London — 1300. El Al 207 to Athens, Amsterdam, London and New York — 1330.


Fully booked for ROSH HASHANA
Dagon Hotel
Ashkelon. Tel. 148

Mizrachi Women's Organization of America
invites you to tour its projects
Please contact our Offices
Tel Aviv: 16 Dov Hos St., Tel. 20187
Jerusalem: 60 Rashi St., Tel. 22046
Joint Project with
MIZRACHI WOMEN'S ORGANIZATION OF CANADA
Haifa: Community Center
10 Herzon St. Tel. 67918

## The Weather

Weather Synopsis: Seasonal trough extends from Persian Gulf to East Mediterranean, causing northwesterly flow in our region.

| | A | B | C |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mt. Cana'an | 46 | 15—28 | 15—26 |
| Tiberias | 37 | 24—35 | 22—35 |
| Nazareth | 49 | 20—30 | 19—29 |
| Haifa Port | 73 | 24—28 | 24—28 |
| Tel Aviv Kirya | 67 | 23—29 | 21—29 |
| Tel Aviv Port | 77 | 23—26 | 22—28 |
| Lydda Airport | 52 | 20—31 | 19—30 |
| Jerusalem | 44 | 16—28 | 16—27 |
| Beersheba | 42 | 21—32 | 20—32 |
| Eilat | 21 | 27—38 | 25—37 |

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

## ARRIVALS

Mr. Moshe Pomrock, President of Citadel Life Insurance Co. of New York (by Air France).

Mrs. B. Goldfein, the writer, granddaughter of Sholom Aleichem, from New York, for her first visit to Israel (by Air France).

Mr. William Van Leer, producer of the Israel documentary film "The Third Side of the Coin," from Berlin, where the film won two prizes at a recent film festival (by Air France).

Professor Emil Hauser, of New York, to conduct classes in Interpretation and Chamber Music at Zichron Yaakov.

Mr. Moshe Levin, Director of the Citrus Marketing Board Office in London, to report to the Board on the past season and discuss plans for the coming season (by B.O.A.C.).

Mr. Yosef Hausmann, director of the Labour Department of the Manufacturers Association from Geneva, where he represented Israeli employers at the annual convention of the I.L.O. (by El Al).

Mr. Yehuda Shimoni, El Al manager in Amsterdam, on business.

# Liberal Jews Want Israel Guarantee

By S. J. GOLDSMITH, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — The Progressive Jewish movement is to send a delegation to Israel to try and obtain assurances from the authorities that the liberal religious movement will be permitted to develop freely. This was decided yesterday morning at the closing session of the Twelfth International Conference of the World Union of Progressive Judaism.

The conference decided that all the movement's publications henceforth be issued in Hebrew and Spanish, as well as in English as at present.

Rabbi Solomon Freehof of Pittsburgh, U.S., was re-elected president of the World Union.

## ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
323, 254.4, 249, 220 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m. English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.10 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock (R). 6.58 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Programme Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Weber: Overture "Preciosa"; Bruch: Violin Concerto No. 1 in G minor Op. 26 (Soloist: Erica Morini); Offenbach: Suite from "Bluebeard" (Conductor: Joseph Levine). 12.00 Woman's Programme. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 12.45 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.59 Opening. 5.05 Announcements. 5.15 Children's Corner. 5.30 Weekly Summary of the daily Mishna Reading. 5.45 Excerpts from Operas: Bellini: "Norma" Soloists: Maria Meneghini-Callas (Soprano); Mario Filippeschi (Tenor); Ebe Stignani (Mezo-Soprano); Nicola Rossi-Lemeni (Bass); Rina Cavallari (Soprano), Conductor: Tullio Serafin. 6.30 Sport. 6.50 Youth Corner. 6.57 Daily News Service for the Agriculturalist. 7.15 Report on the Eichmann Trial. 7.50 Geographical Monthly. 8.20 Hebrew Songs. 8.50 Bible Reading: Mishlei, chaps. 15 & 16. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Announcement 9.35 Actors' Reminiscences" — ed. by S. Bertonov. 9.55 Songs by E.W. Sternberg with Efraim Biran (Baritone) Moshe Lustig (Piano) 10.10 Bloch: Sonata for Violin & Piano. 10.45 Kobias: Serenade for Flute, Violin and Viola. 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
469, 292.7 & 422.5 M.

Commercial Programme: 3.59 Opening. 4.00 Programme for Tourists by Y. Lev. 5.00 News. 5.05 Announcement. 5.06 "Tune and Melody." 5.45 Requests for Hebrew Songs. 6.00 "From the Newsroom." 6.02 Requests (con't). 6.15 Jass. 6.40 "What I Heard This Week." 6.55 From the Newsroom. 6.57 The Stock Market. 6.59 Close Down.

9.30 p.m. "The Melody Lingers On..." 10.00 "From the Newsroom." 10.13 Music from Champs Elysees. 10.43 Quiet Tunes. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

# Missionaries Complain to U.S. Consul-General of Interference

By SHALOM COHEN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Jerusalem District Representative, Mr. S. B. Yeshaya, has invited the U.S. Consul-General, Mr. Carl Wendelin, to meet him today to discuss complaints by the Church of Christ—an American fundamentalist missionary group working in Jerusalem — of anti-missionary disturbances outside the church.

It is understood that Mr. Yeshaya will assure the Consul-General that police are taking all necessary steps to prevent disturbances. At the same time, he is expected to explain that active missionary work in the midst of a predominantly orthodox Jewish district (the Greek Colony) poses a difficult problem. Mr. Yeshaya has invited a representative of the police to be present at the talks.

The "New York Times" yesterday carried a report on the disturbances from its Jerusalem correspondent.

Mr. Ernest Stewart, one of the two American ministers at the Church (which has 18,000 churches in the U.S.), told *The Jerusalem Post* last night that for the past 11 weeks crowds had surrounded the entrance to the church during its Sunday and Wednesday evening services. Several times stones had been thrown.

Mr. Stewart said film strips on Bible history based on the Old and the New Testaments were shown in the church. At times, he said, numbers of Jewish children entered the church to see the films, which are accompanied by commentaries in English and in Hebrew. Declaring that his church was avowedly an active missionary body, Mr. Stewart said "we never invited the children in — but our doors are always open to all."

He denied charges that the children were enticed with candy, adding, "although there would be nothing wrong if we did give them candy."

Mr. Stewart said that last Wednesday evening a crowd of "at least 200" tried to prevent three Jewish children, who were friends of the children of the two ministers and who came with their parents' consent, from leaving the church. The three children eventually left the building after the "belated" arrival of the police, he said.

Furthermore, he said, why should (Jewish) children who come to church with their parents' approval be subjected these attacks? Mr. Stewart charged that the police had failed to assure the church's safety and when summoned had arrived on the scene after much delay. After having lodged five complaints with the police, the other Minister, Mr Ralph Henley, had complained to the U.S. Consul-General, he said.

Since Sunday, the Ministers have been conducting the services at Mr. Henley's home in Talpiot. Two constables were last night stationed outside the church (formerly a community centre of the Greek Christian community, which rented the property to the missionaries).

### Police Guard

The Jerusalem police spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* that a policeman had been stationed outside the church on Wednesday and Sunday nights for the past month. Mr. Stewart claimed this arrangement was only a few days old. The spokesman said the crowds which caused the disturbances consisted mainly of children (he also reported far smaller crowds than did Mr. Stewart). Mr. Stewart claimed they were mainly adults.

Two seven-year-old children were detained by the police last Sunday evening, and will appear before a juvenile court magistrate, the police spokesman said.

The police had done everything to maintain order, he said.

Mr. Stewart said the church services were generally attended by some 30 persons, although only 19 persons — comprising the families of the two Ministers and a middle-aged Jewish female convert — were members of the congregation. The church missionary group was established here last March. The church is not affiliated to the United Christian Council which embraces the leading Protestant churches in Israel.

## NEW U.S.O.M. HEAD HERE

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The new Resident Representative of the U.N. Technical Assistance Board, M. Raymond M. Gauthereau, arrived yesterday by Alitalia. For the past two years, M. Gauthereau has headed the French Economi and Technical Assistance Mission to Laos. He replaces Mr. Eric Ward, who has been posted to Yugoslavia. *(Itim)*

# Eichmann Trial

(Continued from Page 1)

with satisfaction, fulfilled your duties.

A. I had no satisfaction after the Madagascar plan was shelved. (Here Justice Landau called for quiet as the audience reacted with disbelief.) And I must reject everything that Sassen writes.

Q. And I tell you that you told Sassen: "And so it was with the Jews. When I was given this command, I was like a baby, not ready for it, not ready to take steps against the guests (the Jews) of the host (the German people). This is what I thought in my heart. But when I realized it had to be done, then I performed my job with the same fanaticism expected from a veteran Nazi, and which his superiors expected from a man appointed to such a post, and without a doubt, my superiors saw in me the proper man for the job. I say this in 1957, to my own detriment. I could have said: 'It was an order and had to be obeyed, for I had taken an oath,' that I had blinkers on my eyes like a horse. No, it would be cheap nonsense to say this. It would be a piddling excuse for which I cannot take the responsibility due to my inner morality. Therefore, I must state clearly, that I tried, and that after I obeyed the first orders blindly and without thinking, that I tried to get into the swing of the thing. For fate had bestowed upon me the spiritual values which made me talented in this direction."

Eichmann: As I have said, I cannot judge if I said these things under the influence of wine, or even if I said them at all. Perhaps this is a forgery. It is not in my handwriting.

Mr. Hausner: Let me read on, and then tell me you said this under the influence of alcohol.

Eichmann: It is a mixture of truth and lies... It is not possible that I expressed myself in this fashion.

Mr. Hausner: Take the Sassen statement and tell me what is true and what is false.

Eichmann took the statement and said: "First of all, I must deny I said that I performed my duties with the fanaticism expected from a veteran Nazi... that fanaticism which my superiors expected from me... For if I was such a fanatic, I would not always run for orders but would decide by myself.

Mr. Hausner: Tell us, sentence by sentence, what is true and what is false.

Eichmann: I think, to use coarse language, that the man who wrote this lost his mind and wrote what I did not say. If I were to accept as true everything which is written here, I would have to conclude that I am insane, and I doubt this. I would like to add that when I was interrogated by Pakad Loss, our conversations were recorded; mistakes were made in typing this up, though this was done by professionals.

Mr. Hausner: I would like to read one more sentence: "I did not receive the usual orders. If I did, I would certainly have been a blockhead. But I thought what I was doing when I implemented orders. I was an idealist."

Eichmann: This is nonsense. Idealism has nothing to do with receiving and obeying orders.

Q. But you said you did not receive simple orders, and that you thought about your orders. Did you say this or not?

A. No, I can't believe that I did say this.

Q. You didn't think, you were a blockhead?

A. Of course I thought.

Q. You were not a blockhead?

A. Certainly not.

Q. You were an idealist?

A. But I obeyed orders. When I could do favourable things for the Jews, I acted as an idealist; but when the actions were negative, I did not act as an idealist. I might say I was the opposite, that I was a pessimist.

In reply to other questions, Eichmann explained that he had sent his famous letter to Roetke in Paris — after a deportation train had been cancelled because insufficient Jews had been rounded up — in order to protect himself against the "private hell which Mueller would have heated up for me if he found out."

In this letter, Eichmann complained that the cancellation had caused him much embarrassment and loss of prestige and that he was considering "dropping France altogether" as a country of deportations. In reply to questions, Eichmann denied that he had the power to do such a thing.

(Earlier stories on Pg. 7)

Beryl (nee Liberman) and Izhak TOVIM
are happy to announce the birth of their
SON
brother to Ruth.
The BRITH MILAH will take place on Monday at 12 noon, July 17, at the Elisha Hospital, Mt. Carmel, Haifa.
This is the only intimation.

NOW ON SALE REGULARLY
KONTINENT
The Weekly German Information Magazine
available everywhere.

# 'Lammed' Decision To High Court

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Supreme Court will shortly hear two cross-appeals concerning the use of the letter "Lammed" as a party symbol in the election campaign.

This follows the majority decisions of the Central Elections Committee late Tuesday night, rejecting the applications of the Liberal Party and the new Yemenite Association list for this letter. Both parties have announced their intention to appeal.

The Liberal Party yesterday issued a statement accusing Mapai, Herut, and Poalei Agudа of "conspiring to prevent" them from obtaining the symbol. The statement alleged that the Chairman of the Elections Committee, Justice Zvi Berinson, had earlier expressed the opinion that the Liberals were entitled to the symbol, because they had been the first to apply for it.

The Herut press officer later issued a statement declaring that the Yemenites were entitled to the letter, because a Yemenite list had used it in earlier elections. The statement added that Justice Berinson had expressed no opinion but had "merely explained the clauses of the Election Law."

The statement concluded: "The fact that the Liberals have been illegally using the symbol 'Lammed' since May does not grant them ownership rights."

# NASSER'S ROCKETRY LUDICROUS, B.G. SAYS

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — In 10 days Abdul Nasser is going to make himself the laughing-stock of the Arab world by belatedly sending up a rocket produced by American scientists and fired by American technicians, Prime Minister Ben-Gurion last night told a throng of 10,000 at a Mapai election rally outside the Keren Hall here.

Mr. Ben-Gurion also emphasized that all the Arabs know that the rocket which Israel sent up last week was produced and fired by Israelis.

Nasser, Mr. Ben-Gurion continued, is not in a position to make peace with Israel, because he is a victim of his own lies and propaganda.

# Begin Charges Zionists Abandoned Europe's Jews

TEL AVIV. — The Herut leader, Mr. Menahem Begin, M.K., last night charged "the official Zionist leadership with abandoning European Jewry," with failure to warn them against the impending Holocaust, and with "stifling Jabotinsky's cry for the evacuation of Europe."

Mr. Begin was speaking to a Jabotinsky memorial gathering at the Mann Auditorium here last night, when he declared that "Jabotinsky warned Polish Jewry already in 1936 of their impending doom. But he was scoffed at by official Zionist leaders who wished to keep Israel for the few and let the many perish." The gathering was held on the occasion of the 21st anniversary of Jabotinsky's death.

Prof. Eri Jabotinsky, son of the late Revisionist leader, was in the audience.

# POLICEMAN KILLED IN ROAD CRASH

TEL AVIV. — A 35-year-old policeman, Zion Zrok, of Rishon Lezion, was killed yesterday morning in a traffic accident near Azor on the Jerusalem highway.

Zrok, driving his own scooter, collided with a semi-trailer driven by Gedalia Krozovik, of Tel Aviv, and was killed on the spot. He was in civilian clothes.

Krozovik was detained for questioning. *(Itim)*

# Traffic Police to Try Radar Against Speeders

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The traffic police will shortly begin experiments in the use of radar-like apparatus, as part of its campaign to discourage speeding on the highways.

The first such machine will be operated here shortly, and if it succeeds would be introduced generally, the chief of national traffic police, Nitzan-Mishne Y. Guy, told a press conference.

It consists of a small box containing the radar which will be affixed to a police car standing at the roadside. It has an operating range of 400 metres and can register the exact speed of passing cars.

"The police do not wish to ambush anyone, and so we will post warning signs announcing that the radar is operating on particular danger-spots," Nitzav-Mishne Guy declared.

## U.S. HEBREW TEACHERS ARRIVE FOR COURSE

LYDDA AIRPORT.—A group of 35 American Hebrew teachers arrived by El Al yesterday to participate in a six-week seminar sponsored by the Jewish Agency's Education and Culture Department. *(Itim)*

# Malagasy Head Invited to Visit

The Foreign Ministry spokesman last night confirmed reports that the President of the Malagasy Republic, M. Philibert Tsirinana, had been invited to visit Israel, and said that there was good reason to believe that he would come within the next two or three months.

Like Upper Volta, the Malagasy Republic (the former Madagascar) received full independence from France in April 1960, and President Tsirinana was the nation's outstanding leader in the process of achieving this independence.

# Japanese Parliamentary Delegation Due Tonight

A six-member parliamentary delegation from Japan is due to arrive in Israel this evening for a four day visit.

The group will proceed directly to Jerusalem and during the course of their stay will hold meetings with the Ministries of Foreign Affairs, Finance and Commerce and Industry.

In addition to these meetings the delegation will also tour in the north, visiting Nazareth, Tiberias, and various agricultural settlements, and also visit the Weizmann Institute in Rehovot.

The members of the delegation are: Messrs. Gian Yoshiyasu, Chujiro Hiraoka, Soichi Kamoda, Ikko Kasuga, Toshiaki Yokoyama, Tsunemasa Suematsu, and their secretary, Goro Ito.

The visitors, all members of the Parliamentary Finance Committe, have been touring the U.S., Europe, Asia studying banking, taxation and securities.

## South Korean Mission Leaves

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The four-man South Korean goodwill mission left by Olympic Airways yesterday after a 40-hour visit. Members of the mission proceeded to Rome to continue their tour of 16 countries. *(Itim)*

# *Singers to Act 'Cosi Fan Tutte'*

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Thomas Schippers, the young American conductor who arrived Tuesday night to conduct Mozart's opera, "Cosi Fan Tutte," for the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, said yesterday the presentation would be made in "semi-staged" form. There would be no scenery or costumes but the singers would act their roles on a raised platform around which the musicians would be grouped.

"Without movement and action" he said, "the very complicated plot would not be comprehensible to the audience."

Mr. Schippers, who has been resident conductor of the New York Metropolitan Opera for the past five years, was also co-conductor with Leonard Bernstein of the New York Philharmonic Orchestra's 1959 tour of Russia and the Iron Curtain countries. He and Mesdames Gloria Davy, Rosalind Elias and Laurel Hurley and Messrs. Cesare Valletti, Armand Ralph McLane and Gimi Beni, came here from Spoleto, Italy, where Mr. Schippers was the director of the "Festival of Two Worlds" and where he rehearsed with the singers for the Israel tour.

None of the group has visited Israel previously except for soprano Gloria Davy, who sang Bess in Gershwin's "Porgy and Bess" when it was given in Tel Aviv six years ago. Mezzo-soprano Rosalind Elias, whose parents went to the U.S. from Beirut, said that she had been particularly anxious to visit Israel as she believed the Israelis and the Lebanese had much in common and she was happy to be able to express her feelings of friendship through the universal language of music.

The U.S. Cultural Attaché, Mr. Howard Howland, noted these top-ranking artists would be appearing in a country well known for its love of music.

# *Eban: More Reading, Writing, Less Classics in H.S. English*

The aim of English instruction in the schools should be the teaching of reading and writing skills and not the present emphasis on classic literature, the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Abba Eban, stated in a letter read yesterday at the course in an audio-visual method of teaching English now taking place in Petah Tikva.

Mr. Eban said that Shakespeare's place in the high school curriculum is exaggerated, and that in any case, without a thorough knowledge of the rudiments of reading and writing, the student will not be able to understand Shakespeare's language. Shakespeare, he wrote, is not for beginners.

In the study of literature and prose was to be preferred over poetry — that is, modern prose through which a polished style and modern usage can be learned. In view of the number of hours devoted to teaching English from the sixth grade on, Mr. Eban wrote, any student who completes secondary school unable to read and express himself freely should be considered a failure. The fact that this student is expert in the plots of "Hamlet" or "Macbeth" is slim consolation.

Mr. Eban concluded by saying that any pupil who has acquired a fluency in the language will in the end discover the beauty of the classics.

WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL ZIONIST ORGANIZATION
THE YOUNG WIZO DEPARTMENT
A reception will be held for the students who received Scholarships in 1960/61 from the Young Wizo Scholarship Fund, and for residents of the "Beit Hana'ara" Hostel who have completed their studies,
on Thursday, July 13, 1961, at 5 p.m.
at the Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hagarkhon, Tel Aviv.

# *New Base Dedicated In Haifa on Navy Day*

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA.—The Navy's new base in the port here was officially opened in a military ceremony yesterday afternoon, coinciding with the Navy's 13th anniversary.

The Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Z. Tsur, who dedicated the base by letting a marble plaque down into the water, brought the congratulations of the armed forces to the Navy on the occasion.

He said that the enemy across the sea was filling his harbours with warships far exceeding ours in numbers and quality. We, too, had acquired newer, bigger and better craft and the Israel Defence Forces were not neglecting their naval arm. But we could match the enemy and outdo him only in the quality of our men and their fighting quality. Therefore, the Navy would continue to demand from its men, to do more than just their routine duty, and he was sure that they would do it unstintingly.

R/A Tsur, accompanied by the Naval O.C. Aluf Yohai Bin-Nun, arrived at the ceremony in a Naval launch, in which they inspected a line up of naval units, including destroyers, submarines and torpedo boats. The crews in their white uniforms lined the decks, and pennants were strung across the ships' masts. One of the units fired a 15-gun salute, and as the two commanders stepped off the launch, they were "piped ashore" in the traditional naval manner.

### City Gift

Mayor Aba Khoushy opened a newly planted garden at the base, the city's gift to the Navy on its coming of age. The ceremonies were attended by the former Chiefs of Staff: Haim Laskov, and Ya'acov Dori; the O.C. Air Force, Aluf Ezer Weizmann; senior army and navy officers; and many invited guests, including the Port Manager, Mr. A. Landman and foreign military and naval attaches.

In the evening the Navy lit up the Haifa skies with searchlights. Today a number of receptions will be held; sailors will be carried free on Egged buses; will receive 13 per cent reductions in the stores; and will be admitted free of charge to film shows.

In the evening, fire works were shot into the sky and naval ships were illuminated with hundreds of electric bulbs while searchlights scanned the sky.

# Airlines Want Government To Collect Airport Tax

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Foreign airlines flying to Israel, at a panel meeting yesterday, demanded that the Government take responsibility for collecting the new airport tax to go into effect on August 1.

The tax is IL2.50 for every outgoing passenger. It was to be levied from June 1, but has been deferred until August 1.

Under the present arrangement airlines will have to pay the tax according to the number of outgoing passengers flying with them. They, however, want the Government to collect the tax, or at least to check passengers' tickets to assure that the tax has been paid. The airlines claim they have no means of enforcing the law, and it would considerably increase plane delays and bottlenecks at the airport terminal.

## *Work Resumes On Galilee Road*

TIBERIAS. — Work was resumed yesterday on the two-kilometre stretch of road north of She'ar Yashuv, after a provisional agreement was reached between Israel, Syria and the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization.

## Lydda Veterans Mark Anniversary

LYDDA. — About 300 veterans of "Commando 89" which entered Lydda 13 years ago held a reunion in the town on Tuesday to mark the anniversary.

After the former comrades-at-arms toured the city and retraced the route of their campaign 13 years ago, they participated in the corner-stone-laying ceremony of a square in the new town which will be called Commando Square, and laid wreaths at the monument to the Lyddans who have fallen in defence of their country.

The father of one of the fallen men recited the Kaddish, a Cantor chanted verses of Psalms and a Defence Forces unit fired 13 salvoes. In the evening they staged a *kumsitz*, the traditional party around a bonfire.

Among the participants were the former commander of the unit, Minister of Agriculture, Moshe Dayan; O/C Southern Command, Aluf Avraham Yaffe; and O/C Central Command, Aluf Yosef Geva. *(Itim)*

## *Railway Clerks Return to Work*

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The 10-day strike of the railway clerks ended yesterday morning, and all departments are now back to normal. At a general meeting the striking clerks supported their committee's recommendations to return to work on the basis of the proposals advanced by the Histadrut Trades Union Department.

It is understood that this will especially benefit the lowest paid clerks in the lowest grades. Before returning to their desks the men also expressed their faith that all outstanding matters would be settled within a week.

The General Manager, Mr. M. Savidor, is now studying the complaints of the eight department heads who have handed in their resignation, effective from next Sunday. He hopes to be able to settle this matter before Sunday.

## Union-Agency Talks On Employee Tension

TEL AVIV. — Clerks Union National Secretary Ze'ev Barash is scheduled to meet with the Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, Mr. Moshe Sharett, later this week in order to find a solution to the growing tension among the personnel of the Jewish Agency's Transport Division.

Yesterday a delegation of officials confronted Mr. Barash and his colleagues on the Union secretariat with a strike threat in the name of about 1,000 drivers in Jewish Agency employ. They demand the dismissal of the divisional manager, Mr. D. Tabachnik.

A year ago a parity committee representing the Agency and the Union was set up to investigate the situation, but has not yet completed its work.

## *Senior Officials Demand Wage Gap Restoration*

The Organization of Senior Civil Servants yesterday warned it would be forced "to take steps" unless immediate negotiations were opened by Monday on its wage demands.

In a statement issued yesterday, the Organization said that the wage policy adopted of late had undermined the relationship between the salaries of senior officials and those of their subordinates in professional grades. This was contrary to the promise of the Prime Minister, the Organization stated.

THE BIGGEST BARGAIN IN TIYULIM
Americans, Canadians and Britons join up
for a breathtaking all-day trip to
GALILEE
Wed., July 19—IL5 per person
For reservations call:
ASSOCIATION of AMERICANS and CANADIANS
Tel. 28471, TEL AVIV and H.O.B.

● A Scientific Evaluation of the Significance of Shavit 2
Experts explain the implications of Israel's rocketry, with a backward glance at the history of rockets — and EPHRAIM KISHON adds his say.
● Zarchin Process Versus Flash Evaporation
JESSE ZEL LURIE reports on the effects of the latest moves to turn sea-water into fresh on the New York Stock Exchange.
● Kassem and Kuwait
AMNON BARTUR analyses the significance of the latest moves and counter-moves in the oil-rich Middle East prize.
● Jerusalem Gaiety on Friday Evening
Revelations of an American Student on pleasure bent...
● A Philosophy of Housing
MOSHE KAHAN demands the introduction of basic principles in financing building...
Read these and other Popular Week-end Features in Tomorrow's Issue of
THE JERUSALEM POST
ORDER YOUR COPY TODAY

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

## REDUCTION IN STAMP TAX

Reductions in the stamp duty on contracts for the acquisitions of property were gazetted in Kovetz Ha'Takanot by Finance Minister Levi Eshkol yesterday.

Instead of the present rate of 40 agorot per IL100 of the purchase price, the stamp duty will now range from 30 agorot per IL100 for transactions not exceeding IL350,000 to 5 agorot per IL100 for those above IL1m.

In documents that do not specify the sum of the purchase or specify only a part of it, the stamp tax will be about IL4, plus the above rate for that part of the sum which is stated in the contract.

## Dead Sea Co. Loan Agreement Signed

TEL AVIV. — The World Bank and Dead Sea Works Ltd. yesterday signed an agreement for a $35m. loan to help finance the expansion of the company's production facilities at Sdom.

### COPPER IN JORDAN

Copper deposits estimated to contain 30 million tons of 1.6 per cent concentration have been found by German geologists in the Jordan sector of Wadi Araba, according to "Falastin."

## Tel Aviv Stock Market

| | 11/7 | 12/7 |
|---|---|---|
| **$ LINKED** | | |
| 3½% Tavsi Dollar | 103½ | 103½ |
| 3½% Zemudei Dollar | 95¾ | 95¾ |
| 4½% Defence Loan | 110 | 110 |
| 4½% Hous. Loan H | 106½ | 106½ |
| 6½% Local Author. | 110 | 110½ |
| 6 % Keren Hay. III | 105 | 105½ |
| 6½% Pal. Elect. 57/6 | 115 | 115½ |
| 6 % Fert. and Chem. | 102 | 102 |
| 5 % Nat. Oil Co. | 98½ | 98 |
| **C.O.L. LINKED** | | |
| 4½% Def. Loan | 100 | 100½ |
| 4½% Hous. Loan "A" | 104 | 104 |
| 6½% Local Author. | B113 | B112 |
| 6 % Keren Hay. III | 109 | 109 |
| 6½% Pal. Elect. 57/6 | 127 | 126 |
| 50%/50% C.O.L. LINKED | | |
| 5 % Pal. Elect. | 103½ | 103½ |
| 4 % Ind. Dev. B'k. | 103½ | 103½ |
| 4 % B'k. Leumi Inv. | 104½ | 104 |
| **ORD. SHARES** | | |
| Isr. Elec. Ord. Sto | 509 | 513 |
| Otzar Hit. reg. | 341½ | 339 |
| Gen. Mort. new | 394½ | 392½ |
| B'k. Leumi "A" or | 375 | 374 |
| Develop. Bank | 150 | 147½ |
| Afr. Pal. Invest. | 358½ | 354½ |
| ILDC 1960 | 398 | 396½ |
| Rassco Pref. | 174½ | 173½ |
| Ata Textile | 192½ | 192½ |
| Dubek | 123 | 123½ |
| Fert. & Chem. | 116½ | 116½ |
| Pal. Cold Storage | 221 | 219½ |
| Pal. Potash | 484 | 484 |
| Teva | 183 | 181 |
| Phoenicia | 110½ | 109½ |
| Paper Mills | 170 | 169½ |
| Assis. & Bej. Bros. | 390 | 395 |
| Shemen | 394 | 394 |
| Delek 11/12 | 313 | 311 |
| Jordan Explor. | 99 | 90 |
| Ellern Invest. | 310 | 311½ |
| B'k. Leumi Invest | 356½ | 356½ |
| Moller Textile | 148½ | 148½ |
| **PREF. SHARES** | | |
| 4½% Isr. Elec. 2nd I | 80½ | 80½ |
| 7 % Hous. Mort. B'l | 158½ | 163½ |
| **CURB** | | |
| Lapidoth | 367 | 367 |
| Naphta | 138½ | 138 |
| Found. Sh. Dead Sea | — | — |
| PIA | 151¼ | 151¼ |

B: Buyers only; E: ex Div/Coupon

YESTERDAY'S TREND
Dollar Bonds Irregular
Index Bonds Irregular
Ord. Shares Lower
AS REPORTED BY
UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD
Your Investment Advisers

NIPIA PURCHASE PRICE 151¾%

## NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS CONCERNING THE INCREASE OF THE TAX FREE PORTION OF THE VACATION BONUS

The Income Tax Commissioner has authorized the increase of the tax free portion of the Vacation Bonus that is paid employees by employers.

For the year 1961 the Income tax-free portion has been increased from IL66 to IL120.

Any sum above IL120 which is given by an employer for this purpose is liable to tax and should therefore be added to the employee's regular wage and the necessary Income Tax should then be deducted.

The employee must show his employer proof in the form of a suitable written receipt that he has in fact been to a Rest Home or other form of Institution.

Dr. J. HAHN,
Deputy Income Tax Commissioner.

# Tourism To Be Biggest $ Earner

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIBERIAS. — Tourism is expected to bring in $30m. this year, Mr. Meir de Shalit, Director of the Government Tourist Corporation, told a Vocal Newspaper at the Ya'alon Hotel here on Monday night.

Mr. de Shalit added that about 150,000 tourists are expected this year, and that by 1965 tourism is expected to be the country's leading earner of foreign currency — with 300,000 tourists spending some $70m. annually.

The Corporation will shortly open offices in Stockholm, Montreal, and Johannesburg, Mr. de Shalit reported.

Mr. Amos Iron, Director of the Development Industries Corporation, said that by 1965 more than 3,000 additional Class A and B and 2,000 Class C hotel rooms would be required, involving an investment of IL300m.

Mr. Ya'acov Yannai, Director of the Landscape and Historical Sites Conservation Department, said the tourist development activities in the immediate future would concentrate around the Dead Sea area.

It was announced that the Club Mediterranée planned to open a shipboard branch for 100 persons in the Bay of Eilat; to expand the capacity of its present camp at Achziv from 550 to 850 persons, and to set up a second village at Ashkelon.

It was also announced that the 13-storey, 250-room Dan-Carmel Hotel in Haifa will open next Passover.

## *Social Science Graduates Get Professional Grades*

Holders of a social science degree working in government jobs where such a degree is necessary will receive a professional grading equal to that of economists and statisticians in government employ retroactive to April 1 of this year.

This was agreed upon yesterday at a meeting of representatives from the Civil Service Commission, the Foreign Ministry, the Department of Academic Workers of the Histadrut Executive and the Association of Social Science graduates.

**TRADE.** — Japanese Foreign Minister Zentaro Kosaka conferred in Rome yesterday with Italian Foreign Minister Antonio Segni in the opening of a series of trade talks.

TRAVEL SEASON...

well, well . . . you can see at a glance: Israel. You can tell it's a
JERCOLI DRESS...

Notices to the Public

## TO THE PRODUCERS OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES FOR PRIVATE USE

Customs and Excise Inspectors have of late encountered the production of wine and arak from grapes and other fruit without the producer holding a license from the Department of Customs and Excise. In order to prevent such violations of the law, as a result of ignorance, we hereby wish to draw the attention of the Public to the Alcoholic Beverages Ordinance.

In accordance with this Ordinance all producers of alcoholic beverages (such as wine, arak or any other beverage containing alcohol) or all such persons possessing the equipment for the production of such beverages — even if not to commercial ends — are liable to fine or imprisonment if not in possession of a license from the Department of Customs and Excise.

A. SCHNEIDER,
Deputy Collector of Customs and Excise

VOTE and DEPART on AUGUST 15
On the luxury liner "Jerusalem"
FOR THE 28 DAYS CONDUCTED TOUR
to SPAIN and 2 other countries
THE PERFECT RECREATIONAL TOUR FOR 15 DAYS STARTS ON AUGUST 31.
to RHODES & GREECE Special rate IL 420.
REGULAR TOURS 2 X WEEKLY BY BOAT OR PLANE
to the MOUNTAINS of CYPRUS (Also strictly kasher)
SPECIAL PROGRAMME for ROSH HASHANA and SUCCOTH
Please register immediately:
TEVEL TRAVEL TRUST LIMITED
15 Nahlat Benyamin, Tel Aviv,
PHONES: 67681 - 65781

# Hungarians Hate Puppet Regime

## No Reliable Evidence That Nagy Had a Trial

**By Louis Fischer**

JANOS KADAR

WHAT has happened in Hungary since the revolution of 1956? We know now that it was a national revolution in which leading and rank-and-file communists, socialists, the Smallholders (Farmers) Party, and many others — in fact, the entire country — participated. The stones still speak of it and they will until the Hungarian government can replaster the fronts of all the thousands of buildings in Budapest and lesser cities throughout the nation which were shot full of holes by the Russian tanks. Thus far, the task of refacing the houses and effacing the memories is only partially complete.

Janos Kadar, Moscow's viceroy in Budapest and therefore the chief of the Hungarian Communist Party, still speaks of the big event of October-November, 1956, and the subject is on the minds of many families for they lost sons and daughters who were killed or wounded or went into exile abroad. A national revolution is not easily forgotten, especially since it failed. It would have won but for foreign force. This too remains written on the mind.

To erase the memory, the 1956 revolution is officially and repeatedly called "the counter-revolution." Communists believe in the magic of deception. If they call a dictatorship a democracy they think everybody will be fooled. If they cry "Peace, Peace," they imagine the world will cease suspecting them of expansionism. But the Hungarians are not deceived — for they know the truth and saw it with their own eyes.

### Fled Abroad

"There were only 15,000 persons who fought on the side of the counter-revolution," a Hungarian Foreign Office official said to me.

He would naturally be interested in reducing the number and I therefore did not accept it. Moreover, I added, "And a quarter of a million Hungarians fled to freedom abroad."

"They could not resist the attraction of a trip to America, Australia, Canada, and Austria," he replied.

"Several thousand Austrians were in Budapest yesterday for the soccer game," I said. "How many of them are remaining to live in Hungary?"

The official tightened his lips in anger.

"The 1956 revolution," I continued, "ripped a hole in the iron curtain surrounding Hungary for three weeks and so there was a rush through it while the opportunity lasted."

"Let us discuss the present," the official suggested. "We admit that the government before October, 1956 made mistakes which reactionaries, foreign agents, and foreign radio stations exploited. But today we have progressed very far."

"But the government established by the revolution," I persisted, "was headed by Imre Nagy as Prime Minister, and Nagy had been Prime Minister of Hungary from 1953 and 1955. Wasn't Nagy a communist? Not a reactionary or fascist?"

"History has known all kinds of communists," the official contended.

"And Kadar, your present chief, was in Nagy's government," I pointed out. "Was Kadar a counter-revolutionary, a fascist, or a reactionary?"

"You will find all the facts in this book about the trial of Nagy," the official said as he handed me a White Book entitled "The Counter-revolutionary Conspiracy of Imre Nagy and his Accomplices." One of the accomplices must have been Kadar. But he was not tried and executed as Nagy was.

### Nagy's 'Sin'

Nagy's real sin consisted in forming a Communist-Socialist-Smallholder coalition government which, on November 1, 1956, declared Hungary neutral and no longer a member of the Soviet-dominated Warsaw Pact. Moscow rejected neutralism in its own camp and sent tanks to destroy it.

After Nagy's defeat by the Russians, he and his colleagues took refuge in the Yugoslav Embassy in Budapest. Kadar started out to go there with Nagy but changed his mind en route and drove instead to the Soviet Embassy where, having been suitably brain-washed, etc., he was accepted as Moscow's instrument to govern Hungary.

Later, Kadar and the Russians promised Nagy and his group safe-conduct from the Yugoslav Embassy to their homes in Budapest. But they never reached their homes. They were transported to Rumania. After an interval they were executed.

The official White Book about the Nagy trial is a strange production. First, it offers no information on where the trial occurred. This is basic to any reliable record. The book contains no photographs of the trial. I have never seen any reports about it by newspapermen, Communist or non-Communist. The introduction to the book stoops to the stupidity of naming C. L. Sulzberger of the "New York Times," and Walter Lippmann as "the chief propagandists of western imperialist circles" who inspired Nagy's political platform.

The book offers no trustworthy evidence that the trial ever took place. At least the famous Moscow trials of 1936, 1937, and 1938, were held in public in the presence of thousands of Soviet citizens and a corps of western journalists.

Surely, Mr. Kadar and his Moscow lords do not expect the world to put credence in the charges against Nagy and his seven "accomplices" after all the many revelations of Stalin's massacre of guiltless men. In the case of the Hungarian sufferers, the crime is Khrushchev's and Kadar's, and the Hungarian people know this. Their feelings can easily be guessed. They cooperate with the government and work because they must. They must eat and live. But nobody is in any doubt that Hungary remains a country enslaved by a foreign imperialist power.

To dull the pain of alien rule the Russian Government has given Hungary aid to the amount of $388m. since 1956. Czechoslovakia gave $27m. more, and East Germany $16.6m. The ten million inhabitants of Hungary enjoy the benefits of this financial injection. They are better off than they were in 1956, better off materially, better off than most citizens of the Soviet Union. But far worse off than their Austrian neighbours and not as lucky as the Yugoslavs who at least have their national independence, and play a role in world politics. Nor were the Yugoslavs forced to enter farm collectives which, as everywhere else in the Soviet empire, have cut the meat supply and made harvests inadequate.

### Queues for Meat

Kadar, in the June issue of the "Peace and Socialism" magazine, admitted that housewives were queueing for meat, that the supply was meagre, and, he wrote, "This year we can hardly supply more meat than last year." In fact, he added, this year there is "less than last year." These were the results of compulsory collectivization of agriculture, a measure, Kadar asserted in the same article, which would not have been possible "without the peasants knowing full well the growing strength of the Soviet Union..." In other words, the peasants obeyed Kadar and crawled into the collective because they realized that behind him stood the power of Moscow.

This is the entire story of Hungary today. Behind Budapest stands the Kremlin whose tanks crushed the 1956 nation-wide anti-imperialist uprising. Hungarians accordingly submit — and hate.

This is the third of a series of articles by Mr. Fischer. The first two appeared on July 2 and 10.

BERLIN FIDDLE

World Copyright by arrangement with the Manchester Guardian

# SOFTER KREMLIN LINE ON ISRAEL HEARD IN PARIS

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — THE Zionist movement and the State of Israel — minus Ben Gurion and Mapai — have received half-hearted recognition from Raoul Calas, member of the French Communist Party's Central Committee, at what may properly be described as a remarkable if not a historic meeting. The occasion was Calas' two-hour report on his impressions of Israel after his recent visit there for the Israel Communist Party Congress.

If Calas spoke the way he did without directives from above, then his deviation from the party line was unusual. It hardly seems likely that he voiced a new Kremlin doctrine on relations between the Soviet Union and Israel, even if the motives are tactical and therefore subject to renewed changes.

Side by side with bitter and orthodox attacks on Israel's Premier ("Ben-Gurion is a dictator like De Gaulle, no wonder they are friends"), on Mapai and the Mapai-controlled Histadrut ("pseudo-socialist servants of capitalism at home and abroad"), Calas made a series of points that do not reject Zionism outright. This is how he formulated them:

- The Zionist Movement, led by Herzl, aspired to and created a Jewish State where world Jewry would be ingathered. But only two million Jews out of twelve million live in Israel today and it took the ignoble Hitlerite persecutions to hasten the travail of the Jewish State;
- The proclamation of the State brought an influx of Jewish immigrants while at the same time the armies of the Arab States invaded the country with the tacit complicity of the British;
- With arms supplied by People's Democracies, notably Czechoslovakia, Israel forced the Arabs to accept a truce and sign an armistice agreement, but has been unable to secure peace with the Arabs in the 13 years of her existence and her extravagant 1,000-kilometre-long frontiers remain unchanged;
- Immigrants who have since poured into Israel have courageously built new settlements, new industries, new towns, such as Eilat, proving themselves worthy successors of the early pioneers who began the renaissance of Palestine.

Israel was economically dependent on the Western Powers, even on Adenauer's Germany, but the Jewish State has also been built up by donations from little Jews the world over, contributing to the Keren Kayemet and the Keren Hayesod.

Calas, who denounced the Sinai Campaign as "a mistake which harmed Israel's interests," said on the subject of "Shavit 255 that 'the people of Israel are right to be proud of their scientists, but may well be worried by the use to which Ben-Gurion intends to put these rockets."

In his report, he dismissed kibbutzim as "a poor imitation of the kolkhozes: they incorporated praiseworthy features but could not develop surrounded by a bourgeois democracy.

Calas condemned Israel's "discrimination" against her Arab minority and her North African and Asian Jewish communities. However, and this was a "New Look" for an orthodox Communist he complained bittrely about "semi-feudal Arab States which seek to obliterate Israel and which, especially Egypt and Iraq, turn towards Western imperialism instead of fighting it."

## MARGINAL COMMENT

# West Cannot Yield on Berlin

**By Max Lerner**

THE summer may prove hotter than most of us had counted on. In his press conference remarks President Kennedy has made it clear, in a grave, cool, statesmanly way, that the free world means business about a free Berlin. Some of the President's advisers are plumping for a step-up in civilian defence and a Strategic Air Command mobilization. These may be good gestures toward what is now called a *credible* military posture — that is, one which will make the Russian leaders believe without question in the intent to use it. But even more important is the mobilization of intelligence on an issue which is so fateful.

★

AS things stand today Berlin has necessarily become a symbol of the farthest point beyond which the democratic world refuses to be pushed by an aggressive and expansionist Communist policy.

The real question is not what policy the free world powers will adopt. While they must and will negotiate on marginal matters, they cannot yield or bargain away either the access to West Berlin or the economic and psychological ties to West Germany and West Europe which form the conditions of its freedom. The more important question is what policy the Russians and their East German puppet state will choose — for they still have a margin of choice.

It is their decision on which hangs the question of peace or war.

★

THERE are, as I see it, three major motives behind the present push on the Berlin issue.

One is to shut up West Berlin as an escape hatch for the East Germans who have been pouring through it by the hundreds of thousands. What a sorry thing it is for the world Communist cause that its "Workers Paradise" in the very heart of Europe — the D.D.R., or Deutsche Demokratische Republik — is the scene of a feverish exodus which shows few signs of abating.

This is the real "bone in the throat" that Khrushchev complains of. One of the taunting challenges that the free world can address to the Communist world, from China to Cuba, is the challenge to let their people go. So far no Communist country has dared open its gates for exit, but only in East Germany have they been unable to close them tight.

THE second motive is to show, so the whole world can see it, that the balance of military power and political influence has indeed (as Khrushchev has been claiming) shifted from the democratic to the Communist forces. In the first Berlin crisis of 1948-49 the Russians probed to see whether America would fight for Berlin, and found it would. In the second crisis of 1959-60 their relative strength had increased, but they were still unready to test it. Now, after their victories in Cuba and Laos and their clear advantage in missiles, they may count it the right moment for the big showdown on the big issue.

★

IT is the right moment for them because, thirdly, it may be the last moment when they still have a big advantage in a ground war in Europe. President Eisenhower had a passion for peace which did him credit, but one of the things for which history will judge him harshly was his policy of putting all his eggs in one nuclear basket.

His historic statement on March 11, 1961 — "We certainly are not going to fight a ground war in Europe" — was meant to warn the Russians of his willingness to use nuclear weapons to defend Berlin. But by abandoning the will and capacity to fight non-nuclear wars it weakened and disheartened NATO, and it left the Kennedy Administration with the heritage of unpreparedness for a land war.

Khrushchev may well have decided that the time to put pressure on Berlin is now, before the Kennedy Administration has had an adequate chance to repair the gap in ground-warfare capacity, and before de Gaulle has been able to settle the Algerian war by which most of the available French forces are now pinned down. In fact, Khrushchev — after saying that the problem must be settled by the end of the year — has now stepped up his timetable, using the East German Government's "decree" that the Western powers must get air licences from it to cross East German territory to Berlin after August 1.

★

THUS far the Kennedy response has been appropriately clear, without histrionics or hysterics. The President is willing to talk to Khrushchev again, on such matters as the use of Berlin by both sides as a propaganda and espionage centre. But he will not surrender access to Berlin. And, by challenging the Russians to apply to Berlin and all of Europe the principle of self-determination about which the Communists talk so much, he has taken the political war into the Communist camp.

*New York, July 9.*

# Readers' Letters

### WARNING TO PARENTS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Parents have reported to the Ministry of Education and Culture that a man by the name of Raban is representing himself as the organizer of a group of young people for a trip abroad. He is alleging that the trip has the support of the Ministry and is being paid for by various bodies from abroad, and requires only a registration fee of IL18.

The Ministry warns the public that it has no knowledge of any such project.

Yours, etc.,

*URI OREN, Spokesman*
*Ministry of Education and Culture*

Jerusalem, July 11.

### VEGETABLE PRICES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your issue of June 30, you printed my correction to the reports on the survey of vegetable prices carried out by the Ministry of Agriculture in several shops — in which I said that the third shop (found to have exorbitant mark-up on fresh produce) was not the Supersol in Rehov Ben-Yehuda.

Your paper added that the third shop was actually the "supermarket" of the Hamashbir Hamercazi in Dizengoff Circle — a fact which is correct in itself. I wish to state, in this connection, that an examination of the prices in this shop showed that their level in most cases was somewhat lower than in the two other shops, as were the price mark-ups.

Yours, etc.,

*GAD YACOBI, Spokesman*
*Ministry of Agriculture*

Tel Aviv, July 6.

# KEEPING POSTED

THERE has been a lot of talk about truth lately, in connection with the elections and other things. We think most people tell the truth: they just leave out what doesn't suit them, or use only the bits they hope will annoy other people.

• • •

*THERE is Mr. Calas, for instance, the French Communist leader, who does not see Israel as black as most of his fellows. He said the characteristic thing about Israel was that whenever he talked to anybody new they would say, "Gagarin's flight was certainly a great achievement, but why do they discriminate against Jews?" He brought a gift back from Israel, which he likes to pass around at these meetings. It is one more album of pictures, but with a difference — all the photographs show strikes and demonstrations in Jerusalem. True. We have*

*strikes and demonstrations, quite often arranged by Communists.*

• • •

OR simply take the headline in our favourite paper, the "Jerusalem Times," whose editorial offices cannot be more than a couple of kilometres away from our own. Their main headline in yesterday's paper was "Eichmann's Quality of Truthfulness." But after this headline there is a full-column report on the previous day's procedure at the trial, which is more space than any other subject obtained, including the arrest of the 12 Sudanese leaders for treason. Some people think this just shows a nostalgia for the days when it was easy to kill Jews, or even a desire to learn how it was done, but there is nothing to prove this contention.

• • •

*ART, of course, is intended to show a higher, a distilled truth. The film "Exodus" is a good Eastern Western, and higher truth is not its business. We received another clue to what's wrong with it the other day. It was before someone thought up the notion of collecting a crowd of extras by selling tickets to a grand raffle and inviting all participants to assemble in the Russian Compound in Jerusalem for the distribution of prizes. There had been some talk of how a crowd of suitable dimensions could be collected. One of the advisers had a bright idea. It would be Independence Day shortly, and on that evening Mr. Preminger, the producer, had only to send his cameramen around anywhere in Jerusalem, and he would find dancing and cheering crowds. "Yes," Mr. Preminger mused. "We could try that. But that's the day we're filming in Haifa. Tell this Government to postpone their Independence Day until the end of the week, and we'll see if we can use it."*

• • •

BUT some things really are true. The excessive place occupied by party organizations in our public life is killing us, everybody knows that. But it has also helped the export drive. The Ghana Government ordered a quarter of a million membership cards from the Ahdut Cooperative Press in Tel Aviv, which has for years been printing party membership cards for a certain large party in Israel. The order came through the Israel Embassy in Accra, and will supply the needs of the Convention People's Party. The cards filled 14 large cases and weighed an impressive 3.7 tons, but it is apparently a secret what they cost or look like. We asked whether the other parties in Ghana were also ordering membership cards here, but it seems these are only small orders that are not worth sending to a big printing press. "I am told they go by air mail," said our informant.

• • •

*WE are breeding fashionable blonde minks here in Jerusalem, that will make up into capes shaded delicately in stripes from cream to a soft hazelnut colour. There is also something known as blue mink, which is a kind of grey, the normal brown that a mink wears when he really is a mink, and a very dark brown one known as "black." Now, in one of the grandest hotels in New York there is an arcade of expensive shops. At one end there is a glass case with a cleverly made display of mink that seems*

*charming at first sight, but brings one back for a second look. It shows three minks, stuffed and with their faces nicely restored. They walk on their hind feet and wear hats to show they are people, but for the rest wear their own fur. The two blonde minks have ladies' fancy hats and bags and look down their little pointed noses at a husky black mink who is sweeping up the leaves with a large broom.*

### PEN FRIENDS

HANNELORE FRANK, 32, is looking for a pen friend in Israel of her age, who is interested in exchanging information on history, politics, literature and languages (German, English, French, Latin, Greek and Hebrew) and incidentally also in stamps. She is a theologian, married, and lives on the Island of Sylt in the North Sea. Her address is (24b) Wenningstedt/Sylt, Postfach 15, Germany.

*Eat Grapes...*

This week enjoy the Madeleine —"Malkat Hakramim" variety

A PASSENGER FROM ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI, U.S.A. WRITES:

The services rendered by your Crews certainly are worthy of comment and praise. Every detail from the smallest to the greatest was executed with such precision and courtesy.

This extract is from an unsolicited letter; a photocopy can be obtained from KLM, dept. L. E. The Hague, The Netherlands.

When a KLM steward says "Welcome on board" he means it. You are a guest and he's your host. It matters little whether you fly first or tourist or economy, friendly service has no class — a smile is a smile regardless of the seat you sit in. So many people from so many lands fly Royal Dutch for this admirable reason: KLM makes every one so welcome.

For full information and reservations see your Travel Agent.

**KLM Sincerely yours!**

GREEK LINE

T.S.S. "OLYMPIA"

23,000 tons — 21 knots Luxury Liner

The largest and fastest vessel from Israel to the U.S.A.
From Haifa to: PIRAEUS—NAPLES, LISBON and NEW YORK
on Aug. 10, Sept. 15, Oct. 5

Air-conditioned dining-room, theatre, lounges.
8 Passenger Decks — 22 Public Rooms — 2 Open-Air Swimming Pools.

Special Kasher Cuisine and Service

The gracious hospitality for which the "GREEK LINE" is renowned, makes any trip on the T.S.S. "OLYMPIA" a memorable event.

*Apply to Authorized Travel Offices or to the General Agents*

ALLALOUF & CO.

TEL AVIV: 94 Allenby Rd. Suite 6062. Tel. 63389
HAIFA: 6 Rehov Khayat, Tel. 68250

VENEZIA
ADRIATICA

m.v. ENOTRIA

Arriving in Haifa at 6 a.m. on July 18, 1961.
Leaving the same day at 11 p.m. for
Larnaca, Piraeus, Bari, Venice, Trieste.

m.v. MESSAPIA

Arriving in Haifa at 6 a.m. on July 25, 1961.
Leaving the same day at 11 p.m. for
Larnaca, Rhodes, Piraeus, Naples, Genoa.

We accept bookings for passengers and cargoes to America — Australia — India — South Africa etc. with trans-shipment at Genoa or Trieste on the vessels of the

ITALIA & LLOYD TRIESTINO LINES

*For further particulars, please apply to your Travel Agent, or to:*

Adriatica S.P.A.N.

HAIFA: 104 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Tel. 66177-8-9. P.O.B. 1530
TEL AVIV: 6 Rehov Hess, Tel. 67558/9, P.O.B. 4328
JERUSALEM: King David Hotel Annexe, Tel. 24501 P.O.B. 680

JUBILEE COMPETITION

FIRST PRIZE IL1000.—

Second Prize IL500.— Third Prize IL250.—

5 Prizes of IL100.— • 10 Prizes of IL50.—

Anyone who buys a PAZGAS appliance during the jubilee month, i.e. July 1 — 31, 1961, is entitled to take part in the competition. Those submitting correct solutions will participate in a drawing for the above mentioned prizes.

For further details please enquire from any PAZGAS dealer.

25 YEARS OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICE AND QUALITY!